

Is synchronization here to stay or will new technologies soon rule the day?

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Western Canadian Dairy Seminar
Red Deer, Mar 2015

The rules

Share your experiences & opinions

- Different repro management options
- Technologies
- Genetics

Question 1

How do you manage cows for first AI?

- Visual obs?
- Timed AI?
- Automated systems?
- Combination?

1. Synchronisation

Some facts

- Synch hormones available
 - P4
 - Prostaglandin F2a
 - GnRH
 - eCG/PMSG
 - hCG
- High fertility protocols for FTAI have been developed
 - Synchronisation
 - Resynchronisation

Synchronization of Ovulation

Ovsynch

GnRH

7 d

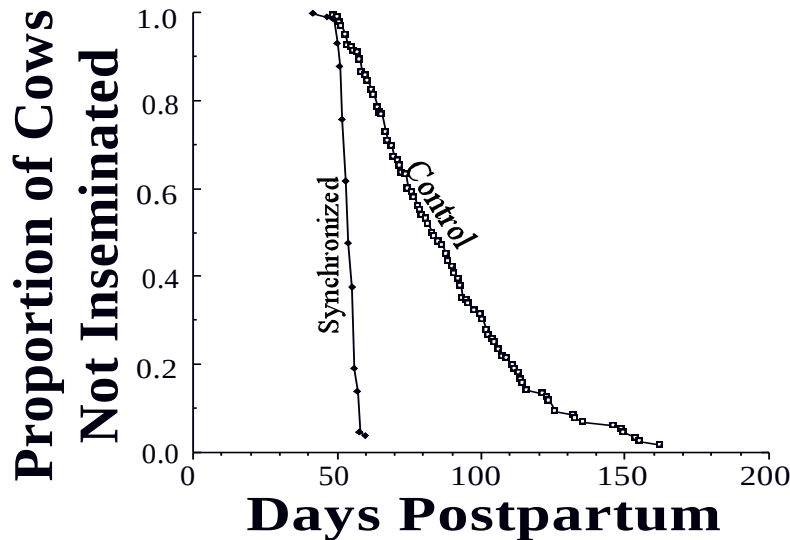
PGF_{2a}

56 h

GnRH

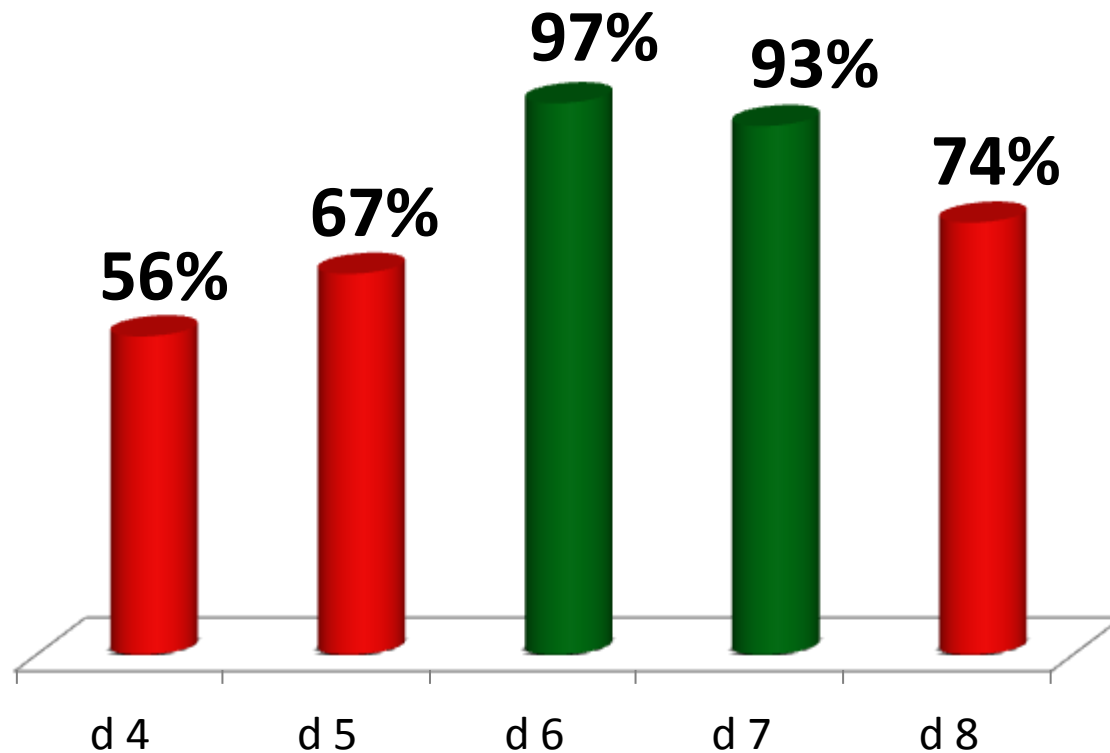
16 h

AI

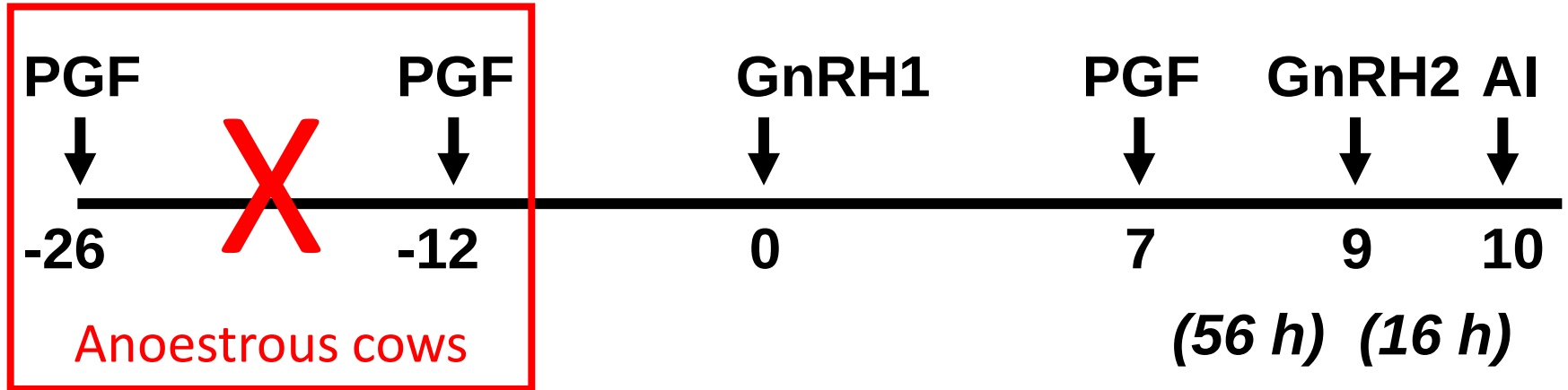


Pursley et al., 1995

Ovulation (%) to GnRH1



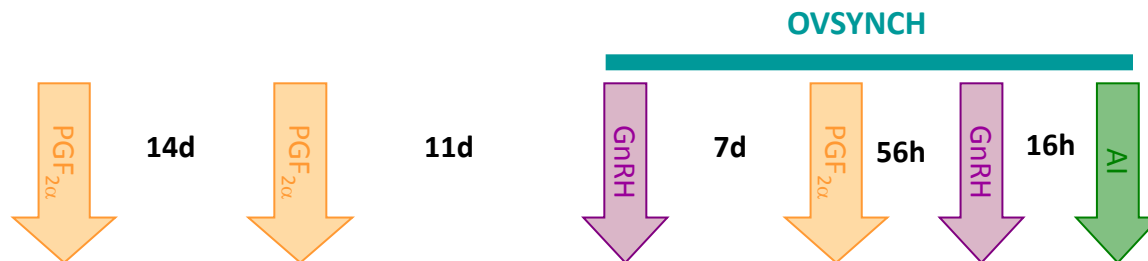
Synchronization of Follicular Waves: PRESYNCH-OVSYNCH



Moreira et al., 2001

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
				PGF		
				PGF		
	GnRH					
	PGF		GnRH	TAI		

Presynch-
11



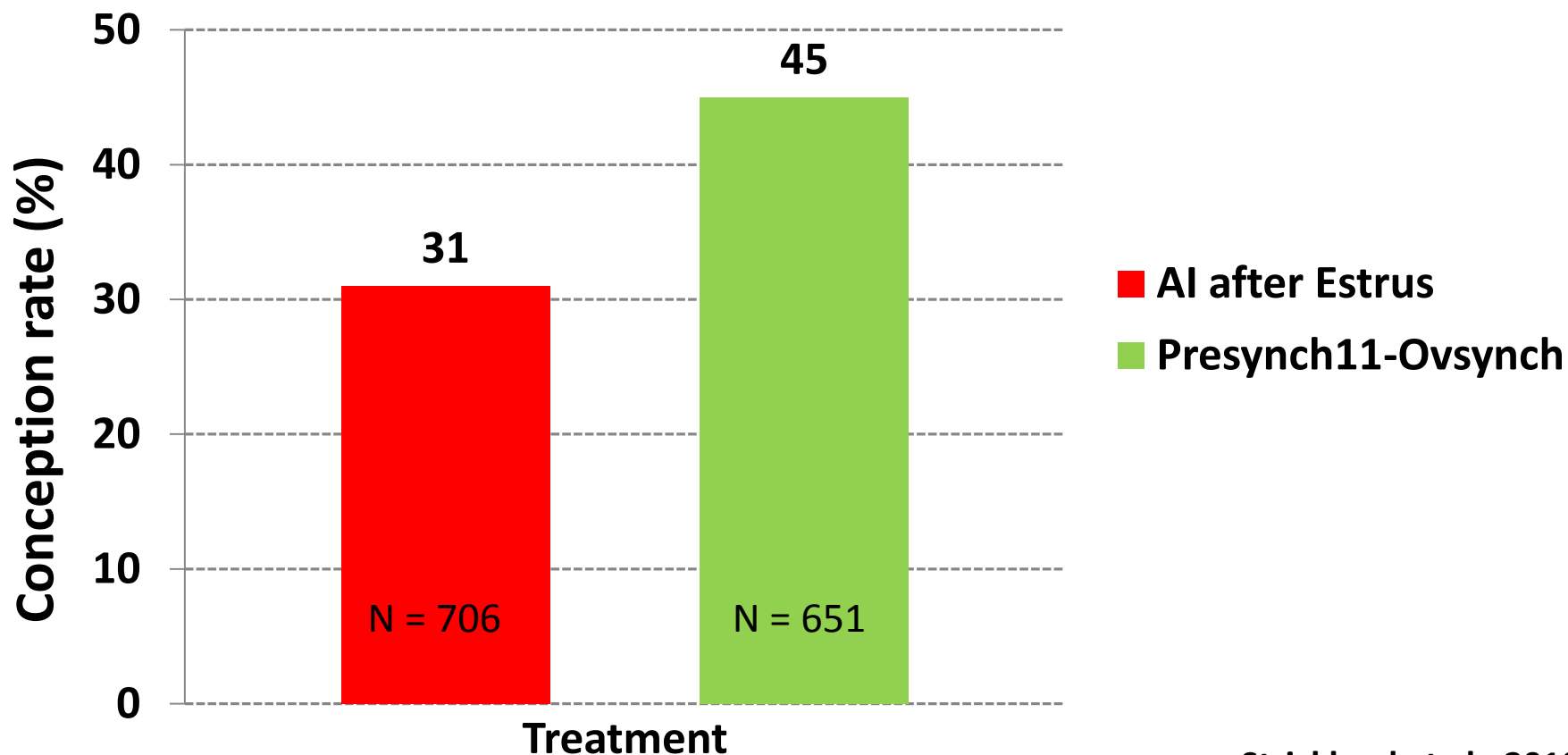
VS.

Standing Estrus

n = 1357 lactating dairy cows
1st AI

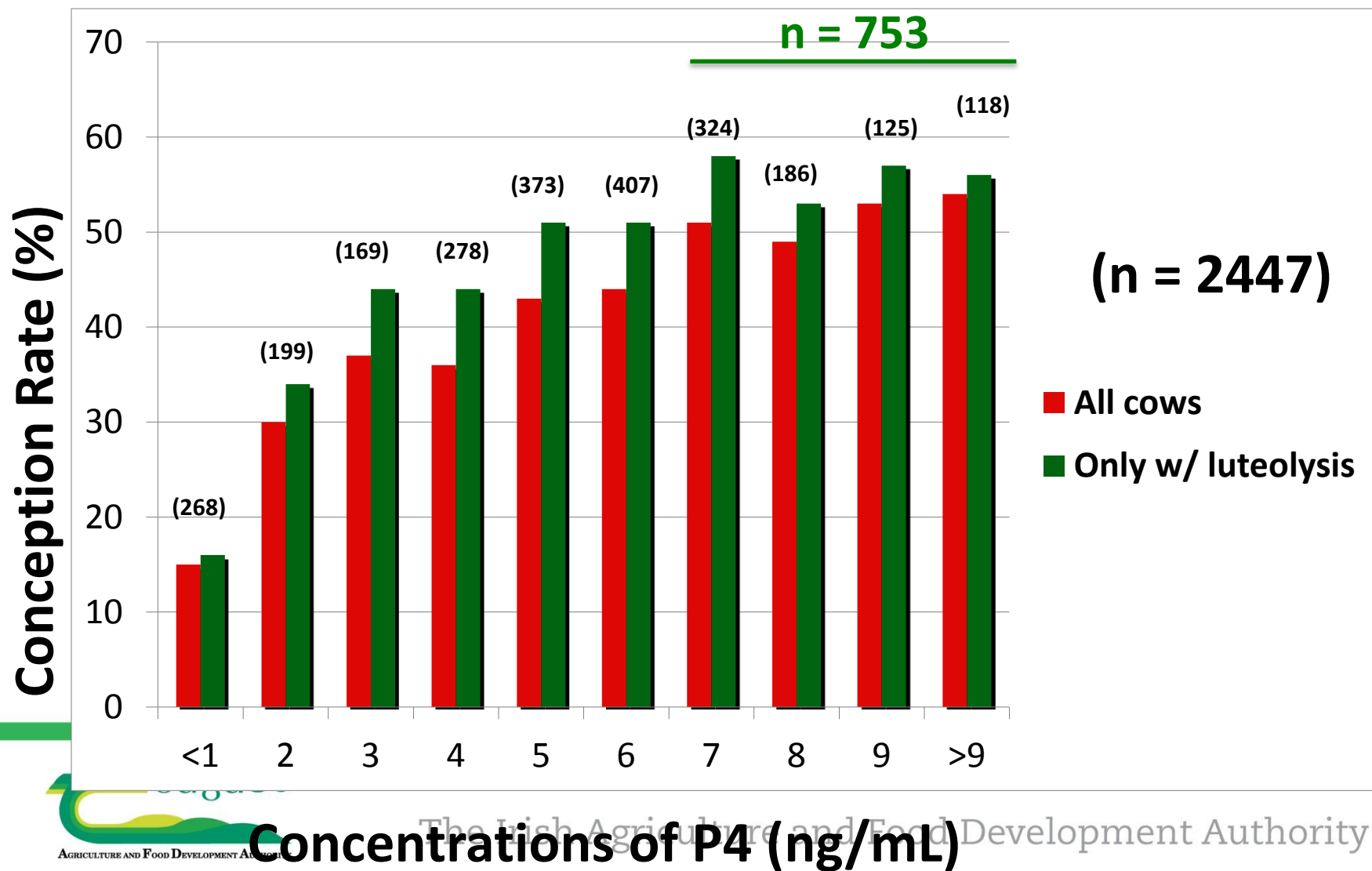
Strickland et al., 2010

1st AI conception rate in estrus vs. Presynch-11/Ovsynch

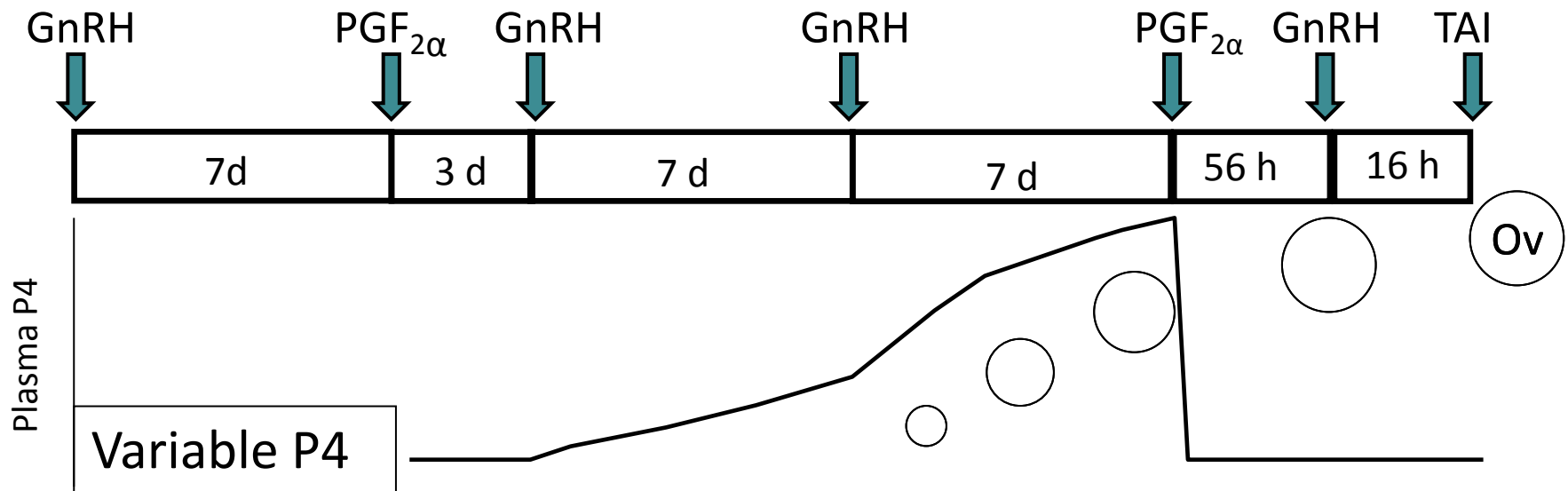


Strickland et al., 2010

Relationship of Progesterone on d of PGF of Ovsynch on Fertility of Lactating Dairy Cows

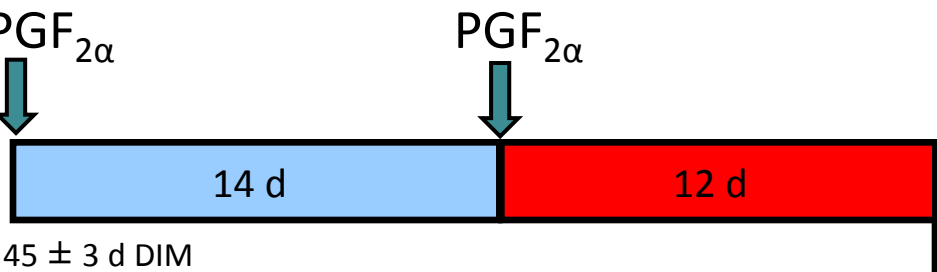


Double-Ovsynch (high pre-breeding P4)

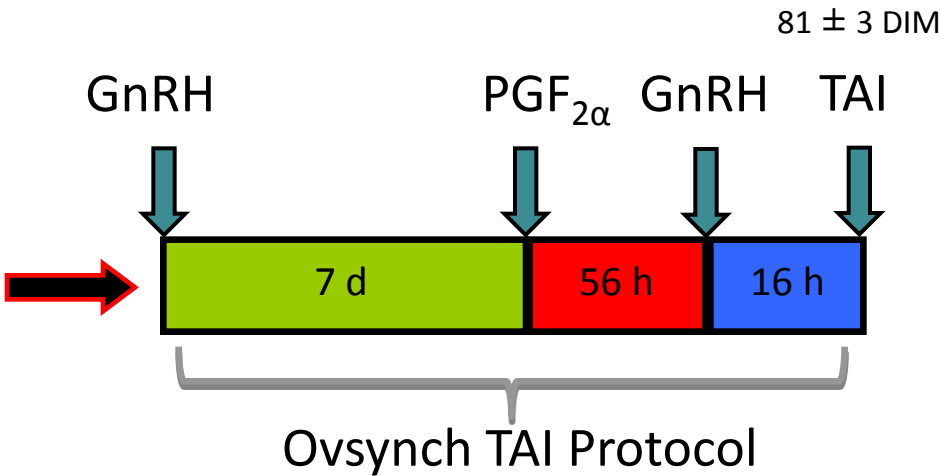
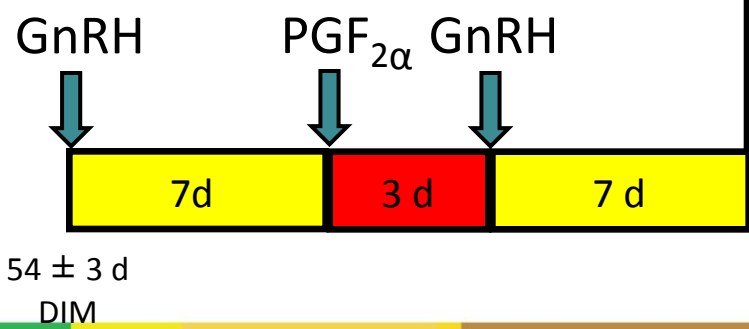


Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
					GnRH	
					PGF	
	GnRH					
	GnRH					
	PGF		GnRH	TAI		

Presynch-Ovsynch (PS, $n = 850$)

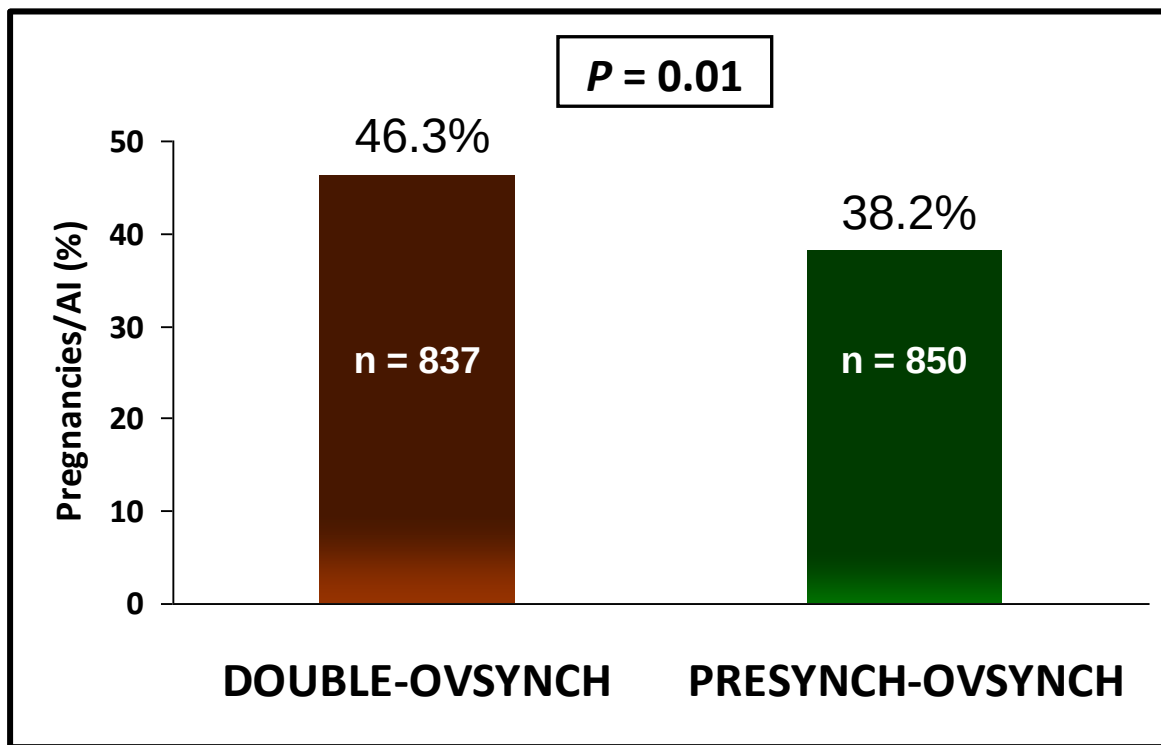


Double-Ovsynch (DO, $n = 837$)



Herlihy et al., (2012)

Pregnancies per AI and Embryo Loss after first PP TAI



	DO	PS	P-value
Late Embryo Loss (%)	8.5	5.5	0.3

Herlihy et al., (2012)

Pregnancies per AI after first PP TAI

Parity

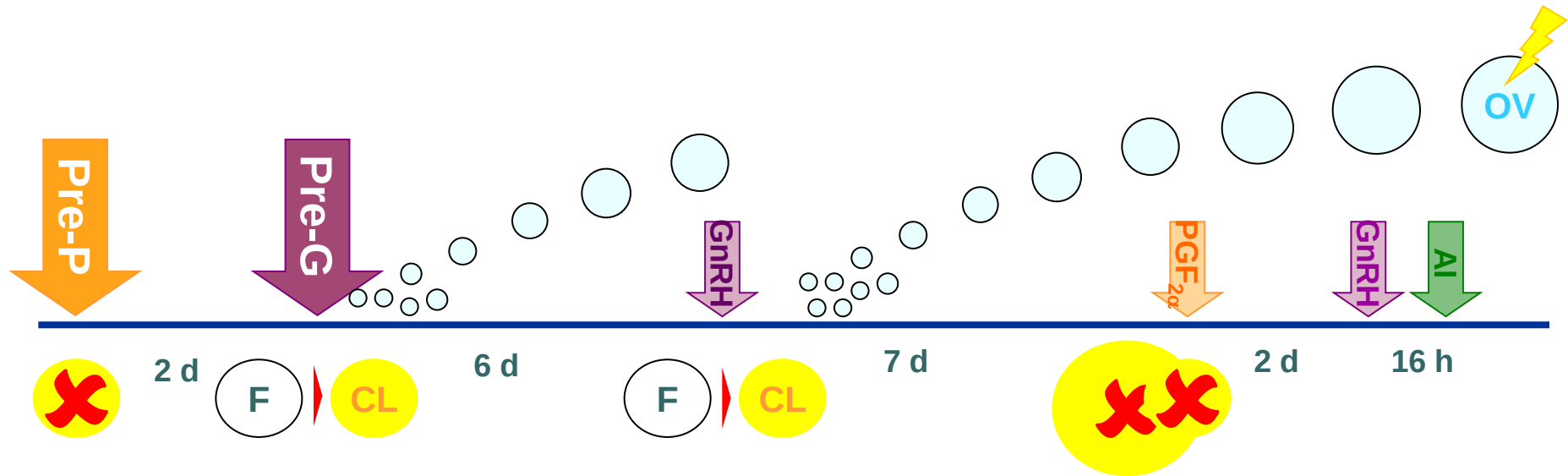
Pregnancies per AI	Double-Ovsynch	Presynch-Ovsynch	<i>P</i> -value
Primiparous (%)	52.5	42.3	0.02
Multiparous (%)	40.3	34.3	0.07

BCS

Pregnancies per AI	Double-Ovsynch	Presynch-Ovsynch	<i>P</i> -value
High (%)	49.8	43.5	0.05
Low (%)	42.9	33.3	0.04

Herlihy et al., (2012)

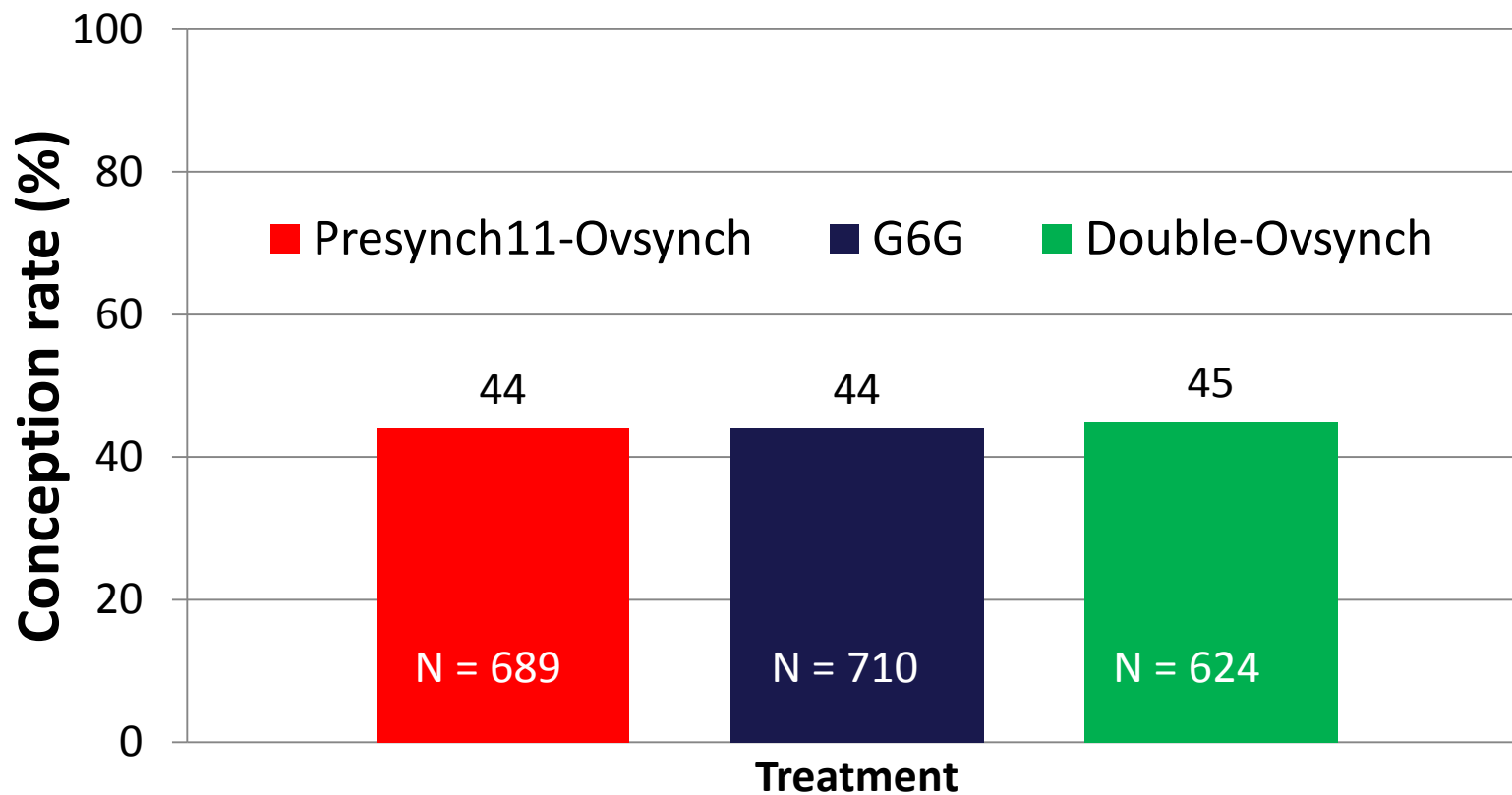
G6G (high pre-breeding P4)



Slide Courtesy of R.J. Pursley

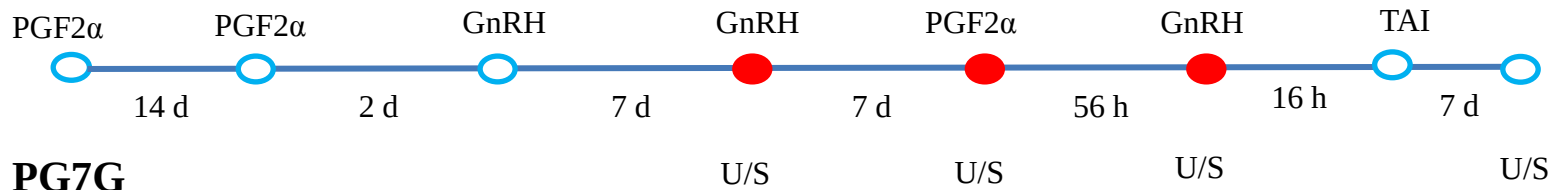
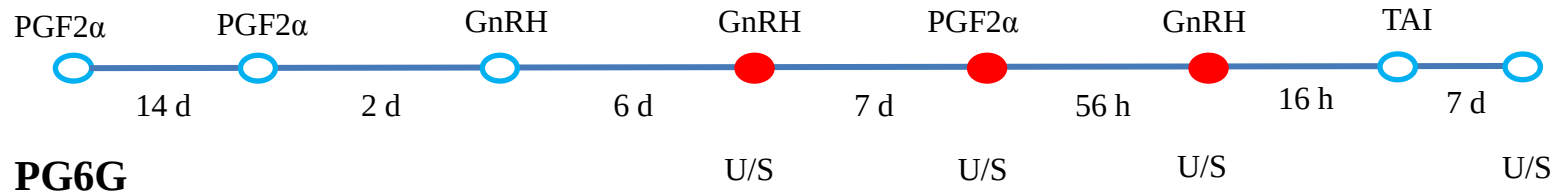
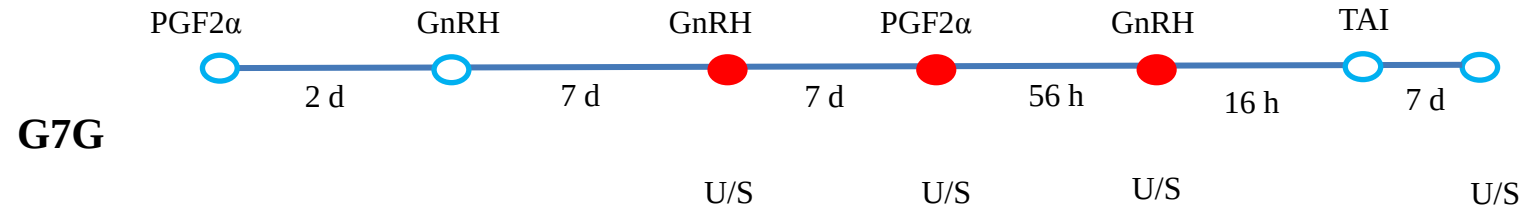
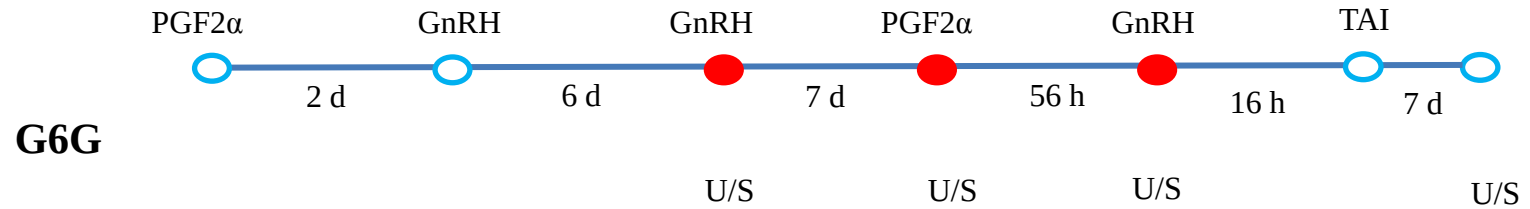
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
	PGF		GnRH			
		GnRH				
		PGF		GnRH	TAI	

Conception rates with different programmes

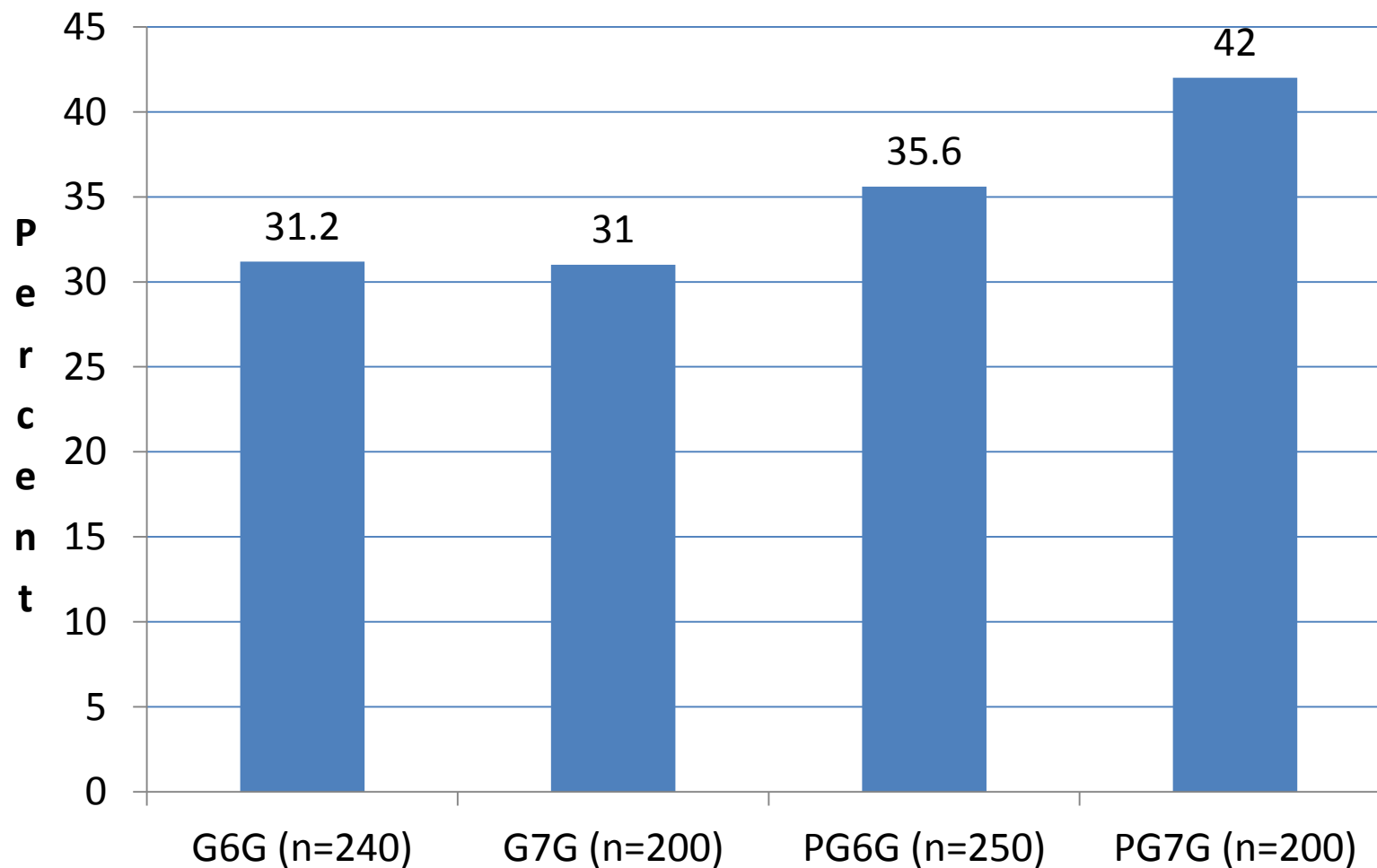


Data from R.J. Pursley

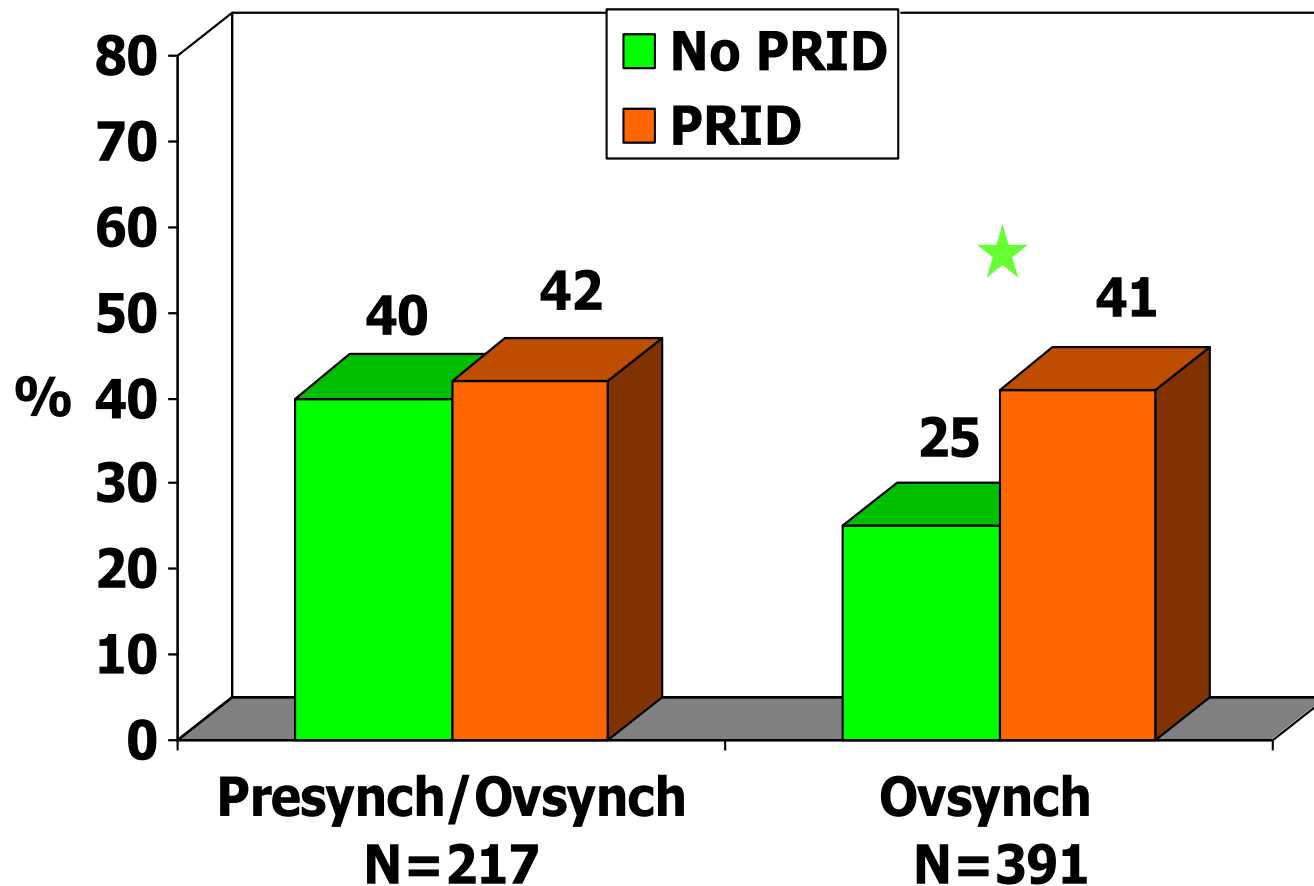
TAI PROTOCOLS



Pregnancy rate @ 60 d



PRID treatment by TAI protocol



Interaction $P < 0.05$

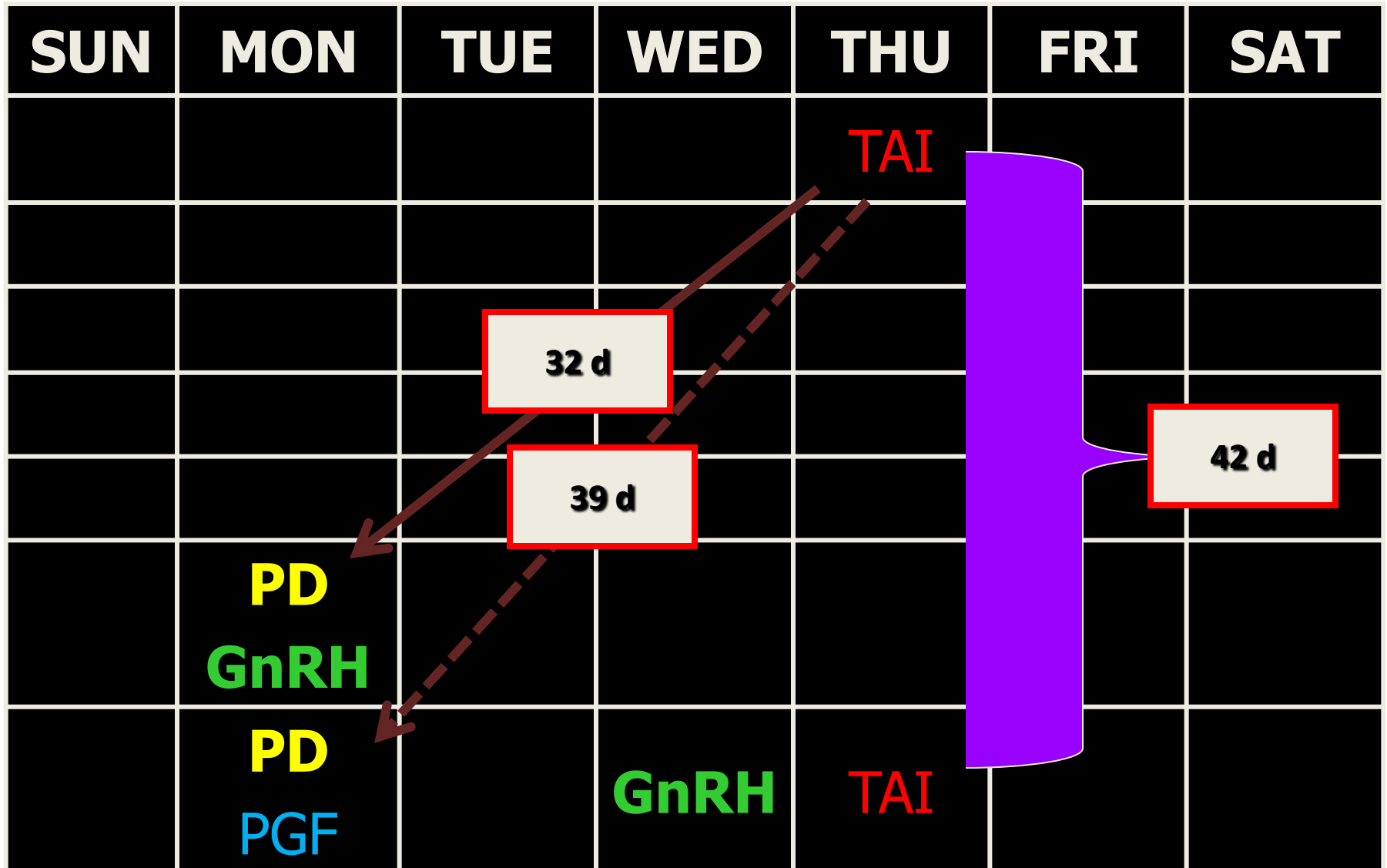
Colazo et al., 2013

Question 2

How do you manage cows for second AI?

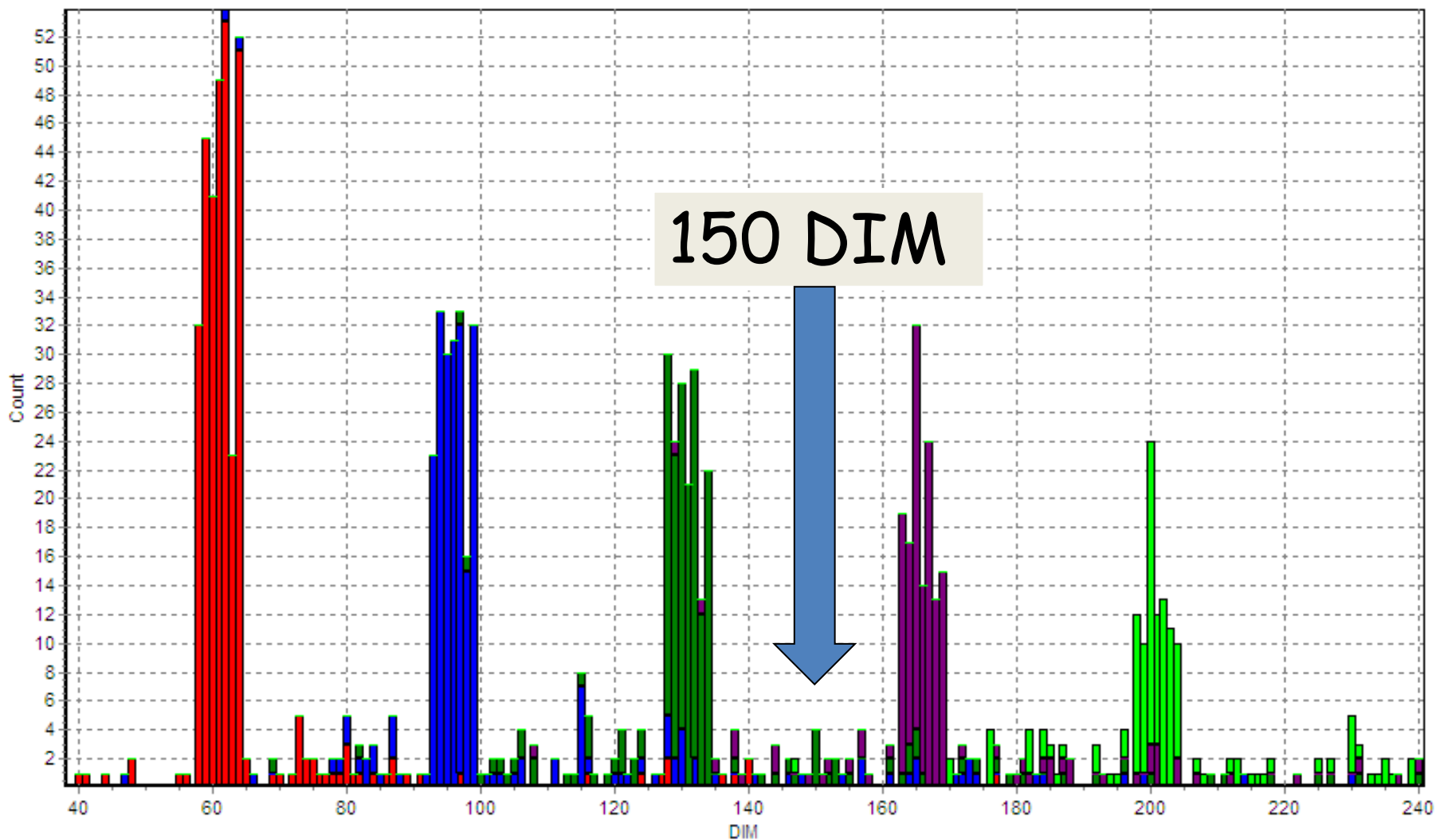
- Visual obs?
- Timed AI?
- Automated systems?
- Combination?

RESYNCHRONIZATION

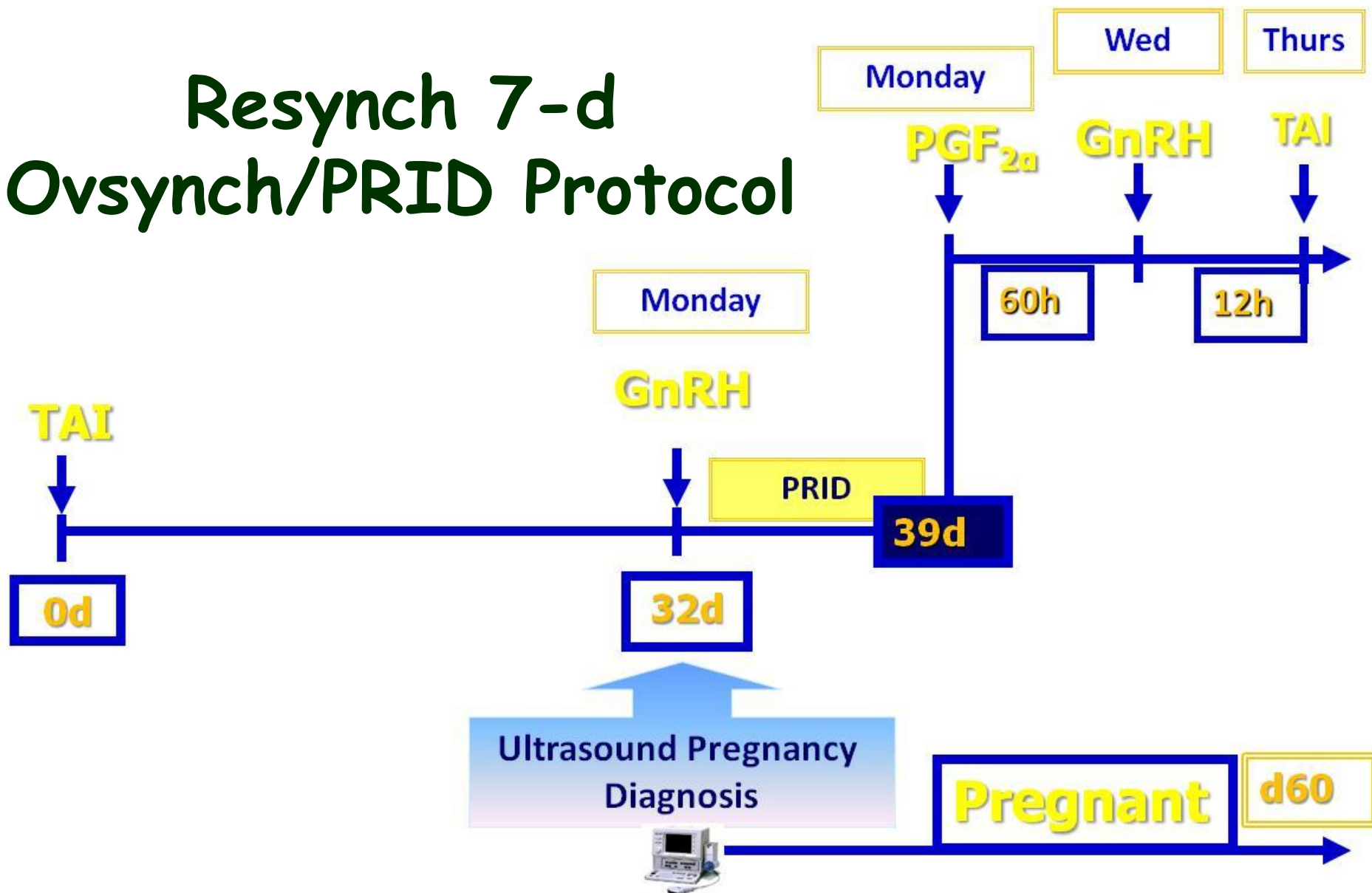


THREE AI BEFORE 150 DIM

[BRED] GRAPH BRED BY DIMW1D90

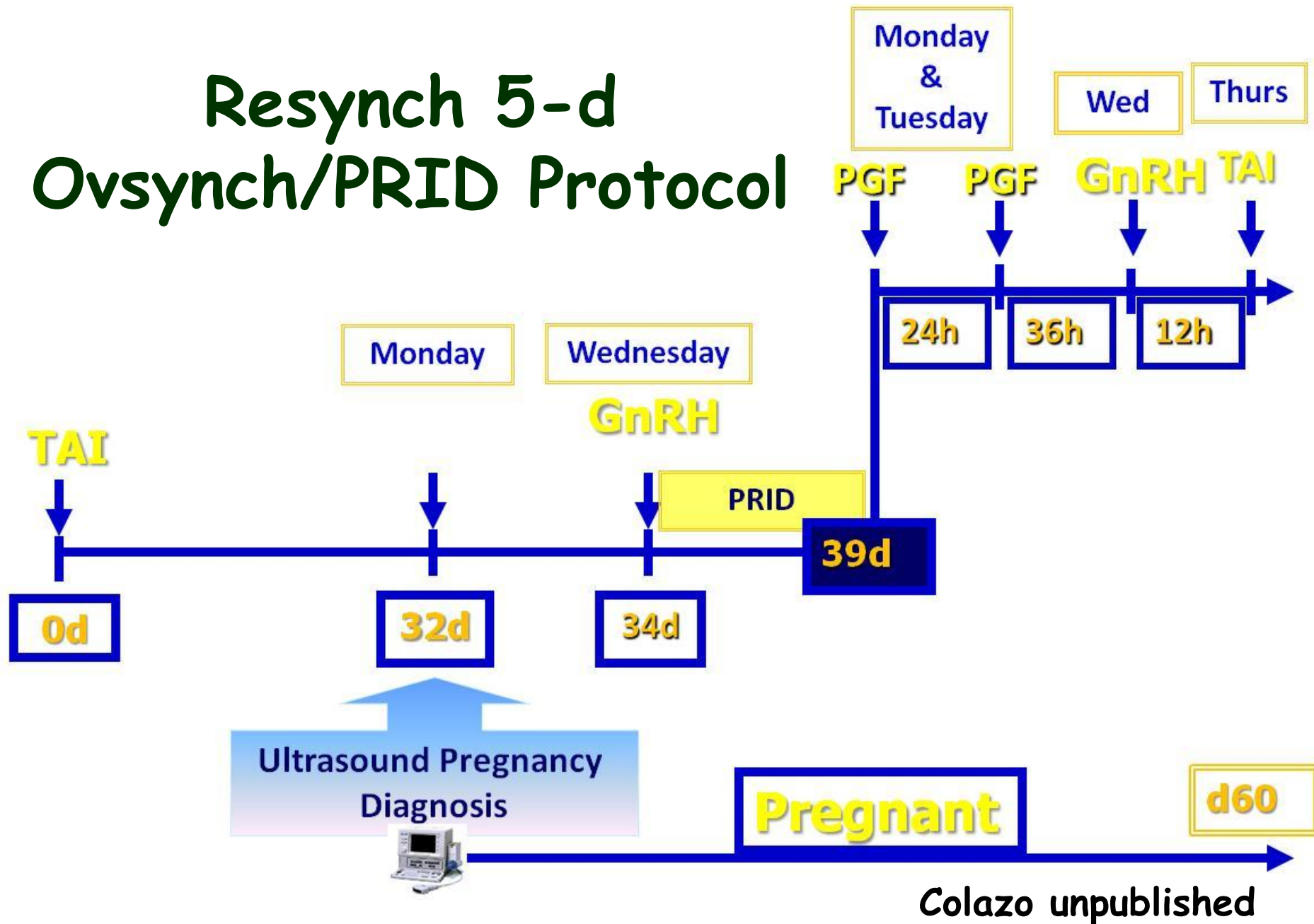


Resynch 7-d Ovsynch/PRID Protocol

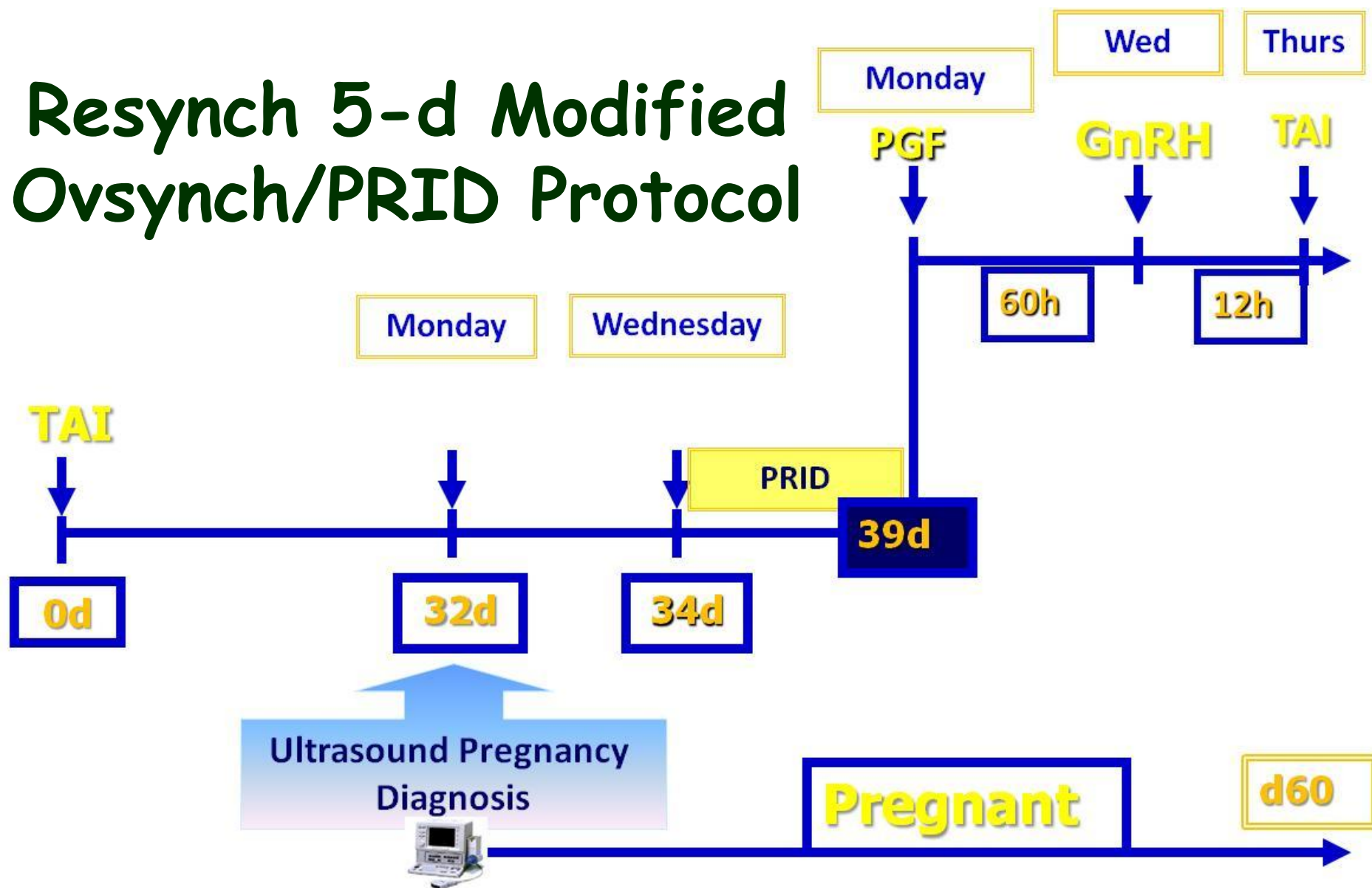


Colazo unpublished

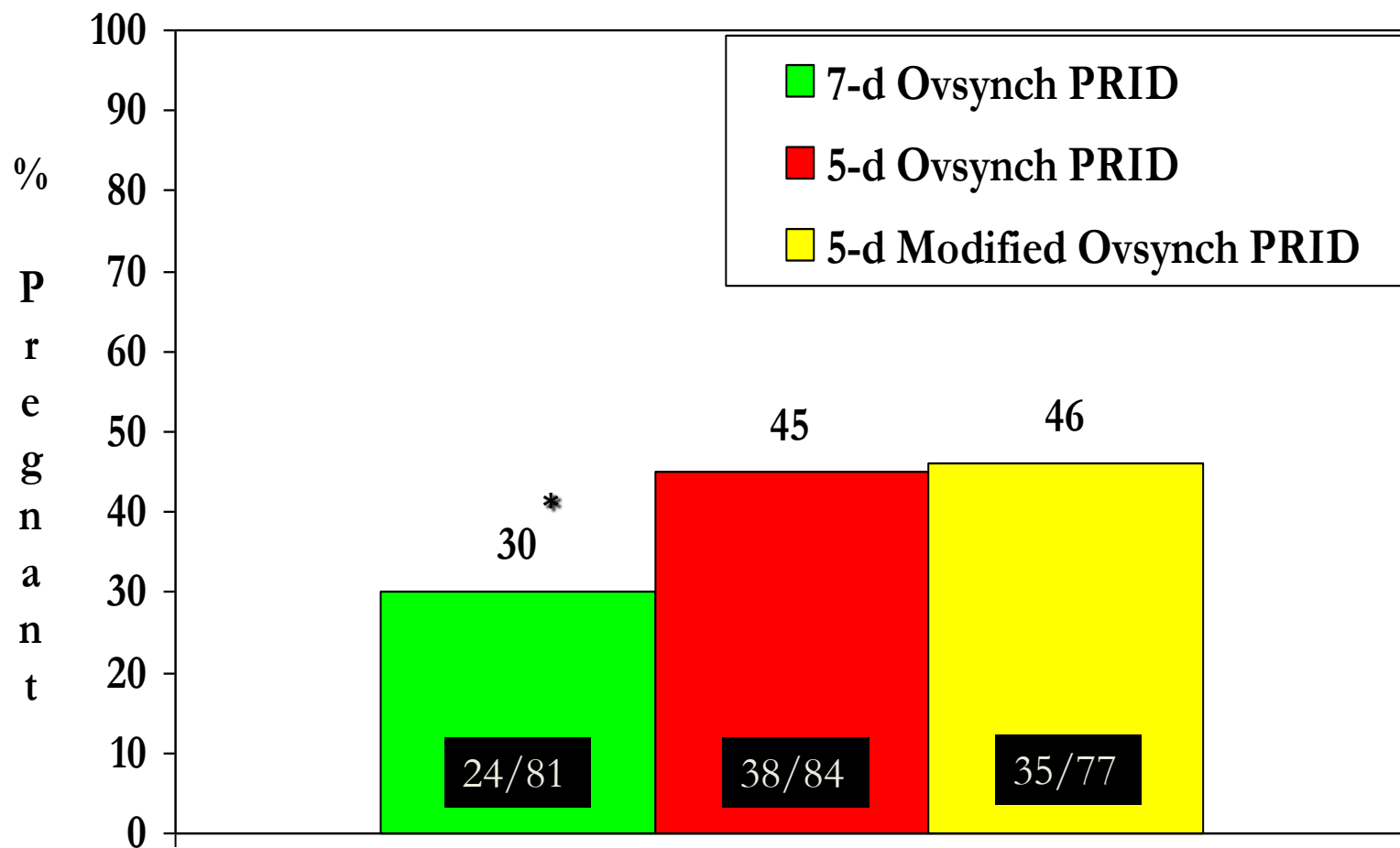
Resynch 5-d Ovsynch/PRID Protocol



Resynch 5-d Modified Ovsynch/PRID Protocol



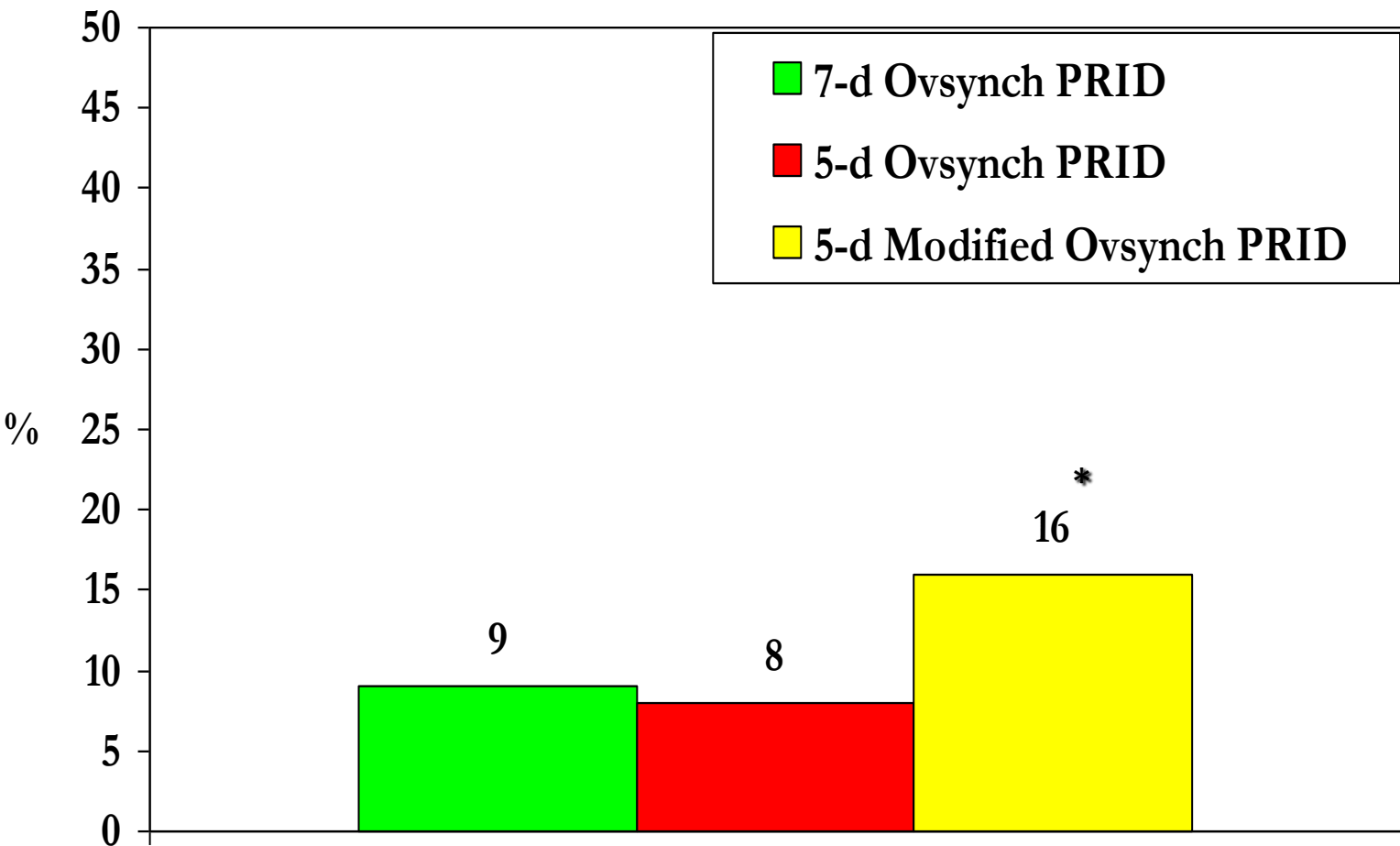
Resynch Pregnancy Rate 32 d



Trt, P < 0.05

Colazo unpublished

Pregnancy loss between 32 and 60 d



Trt, P <0.1

Colazo unpublished

Question 3

What is your opinion on automated estrus detection technologies?

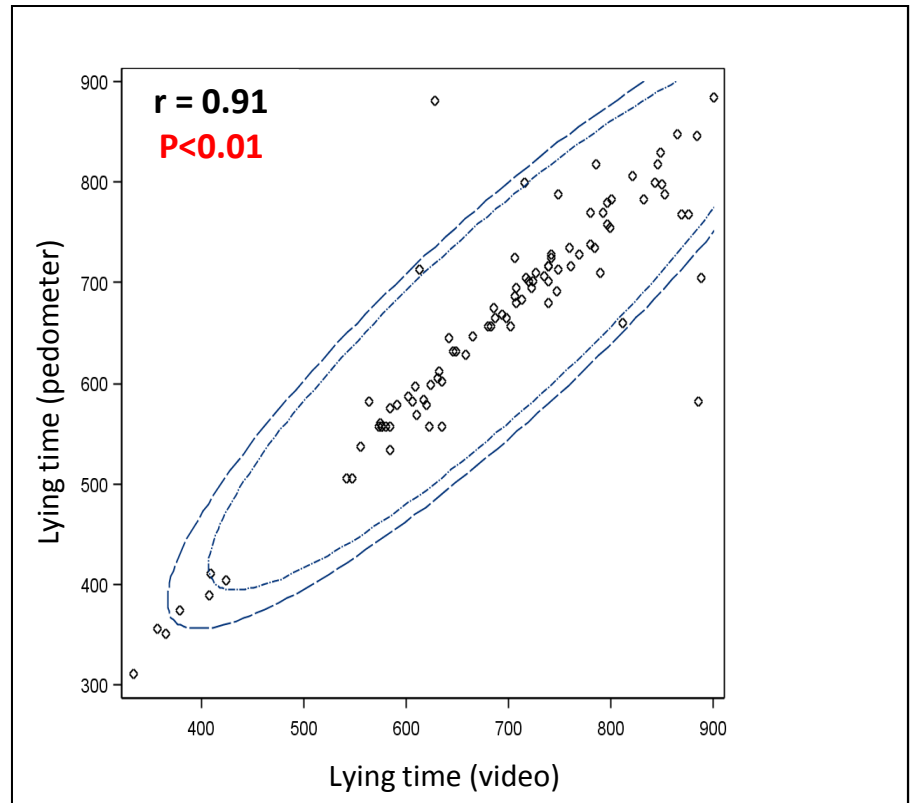
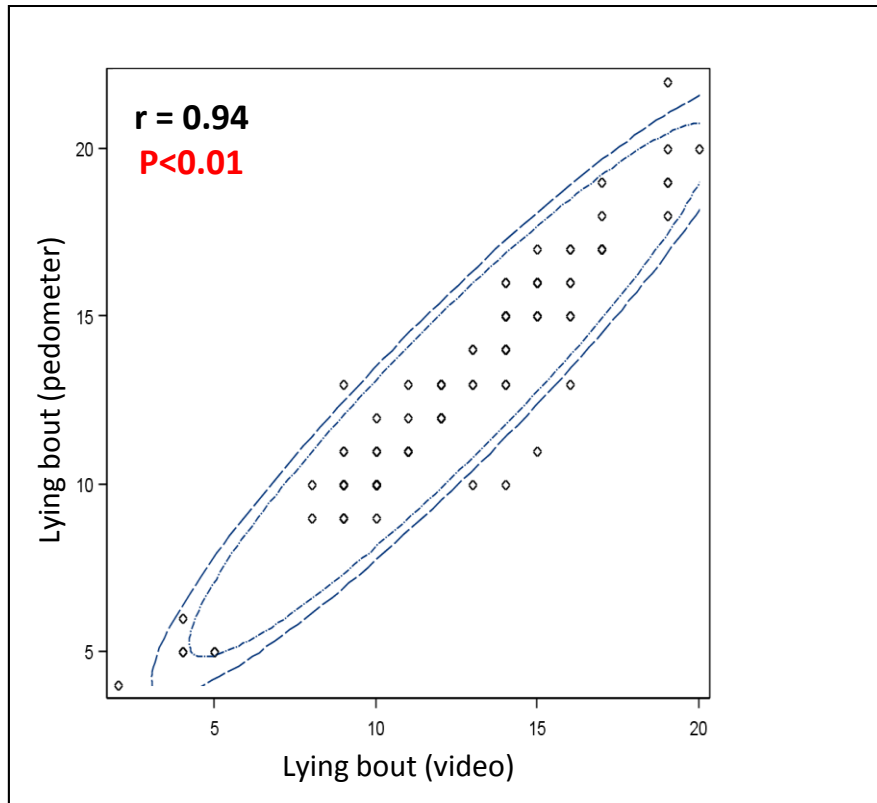
- Very positive?
- Positive?
- Unsure/undecided?
- Negative?

Innovation of the past decade: Improved systems for ED





Correlations between pedometer and video



AAM Systems for Estrus Detection

Activity Tag



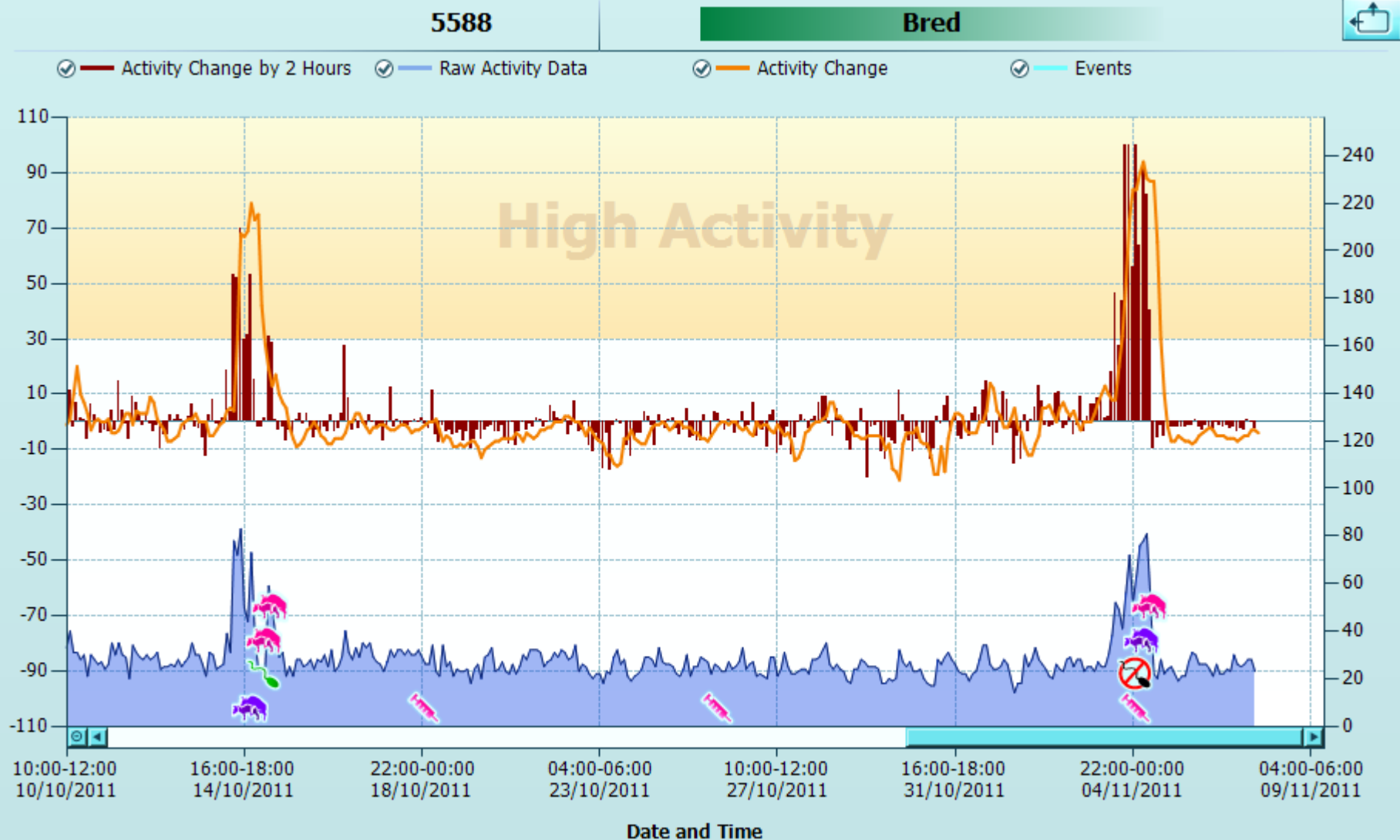
Reader



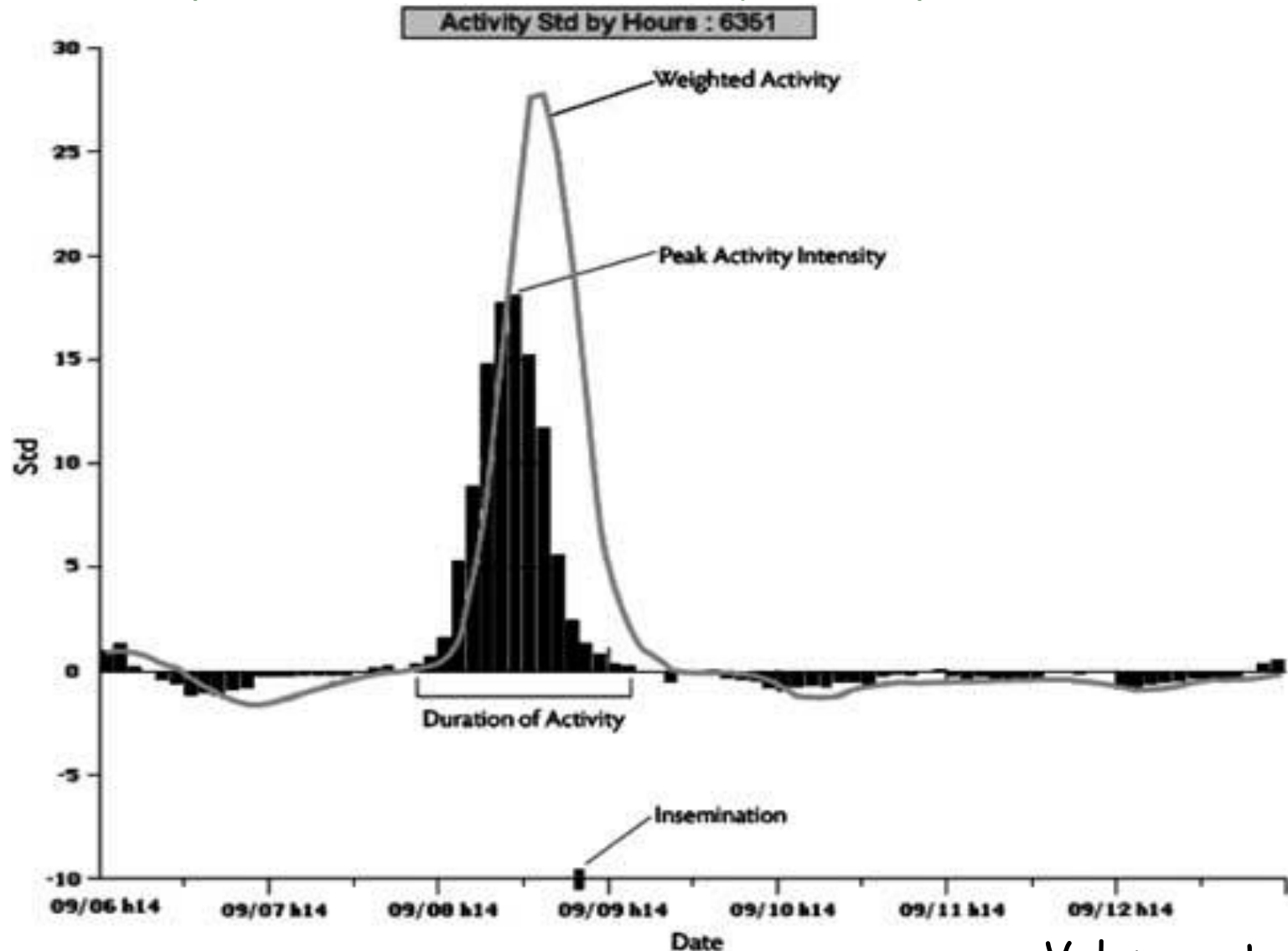
Software



AAM Systems for Estrus Detection



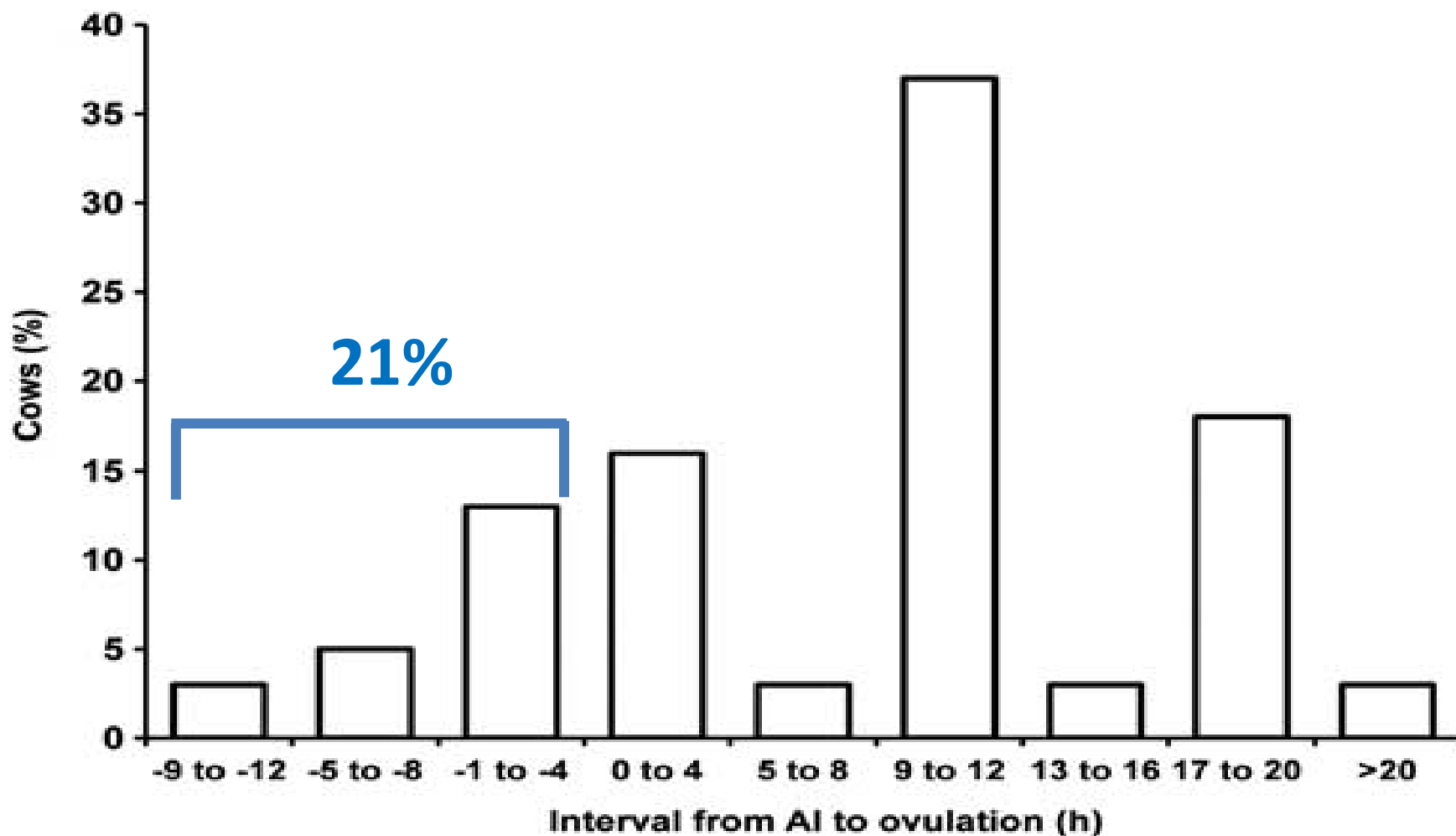
Graph of activity report data



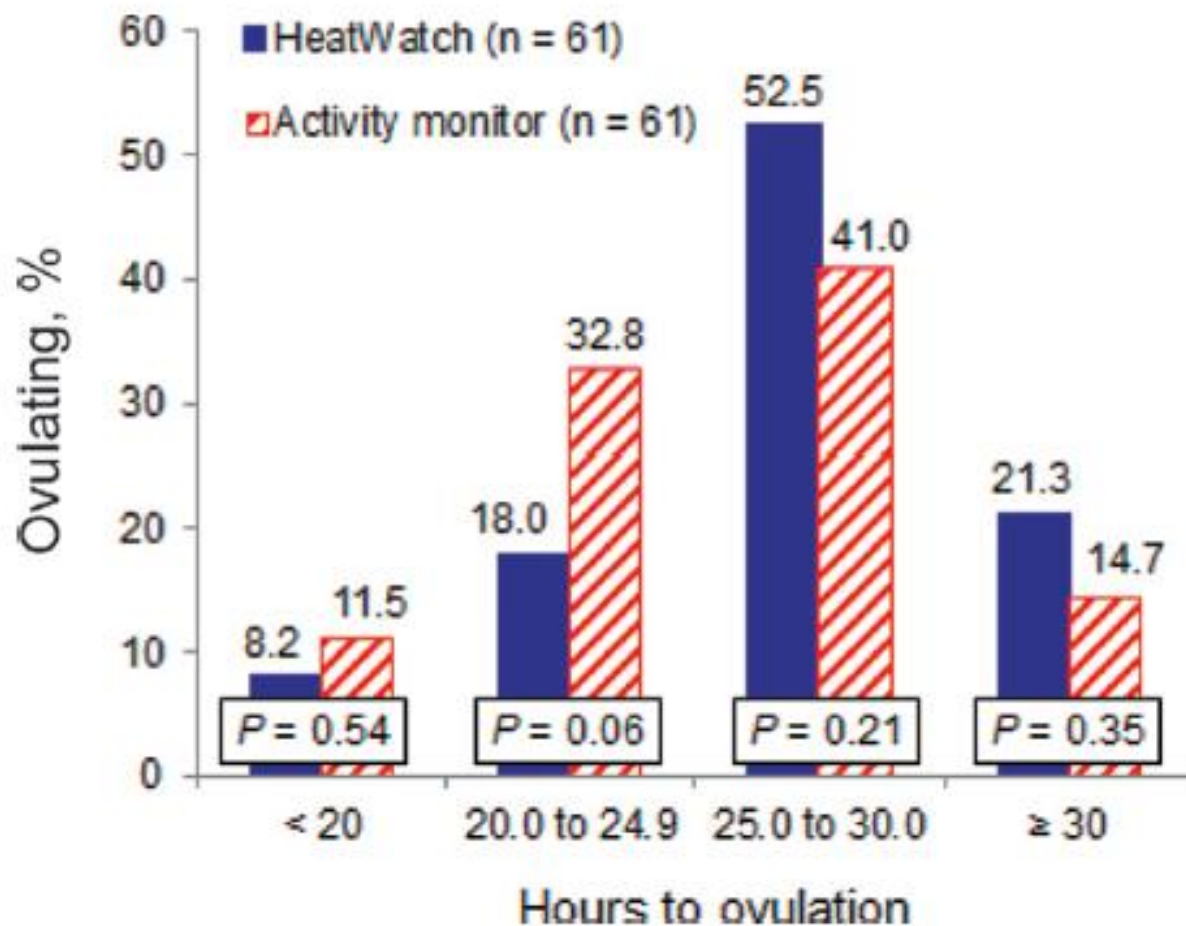
Percentage of cows in estrus and ovulating based on use of an AMS or heatmount detectors

Items	Activity monitoring system [% (n/n)]	Heatmount detectors [(% (n/n))]
Estrus	71 (63/89)	66 (59/89)
Ovulation	95 (60/63)	93 (55/59)
No Ovulation	5 (3/63)	7 (4/59)
No Estrus	29 (26/89)	34 (30/89)
Ovulation	35 (9/26)	47 (14/30)
No Ovulation	65 (17/26)	53 (16/30)

Distribution of cows based on the interval from AI to ovulation

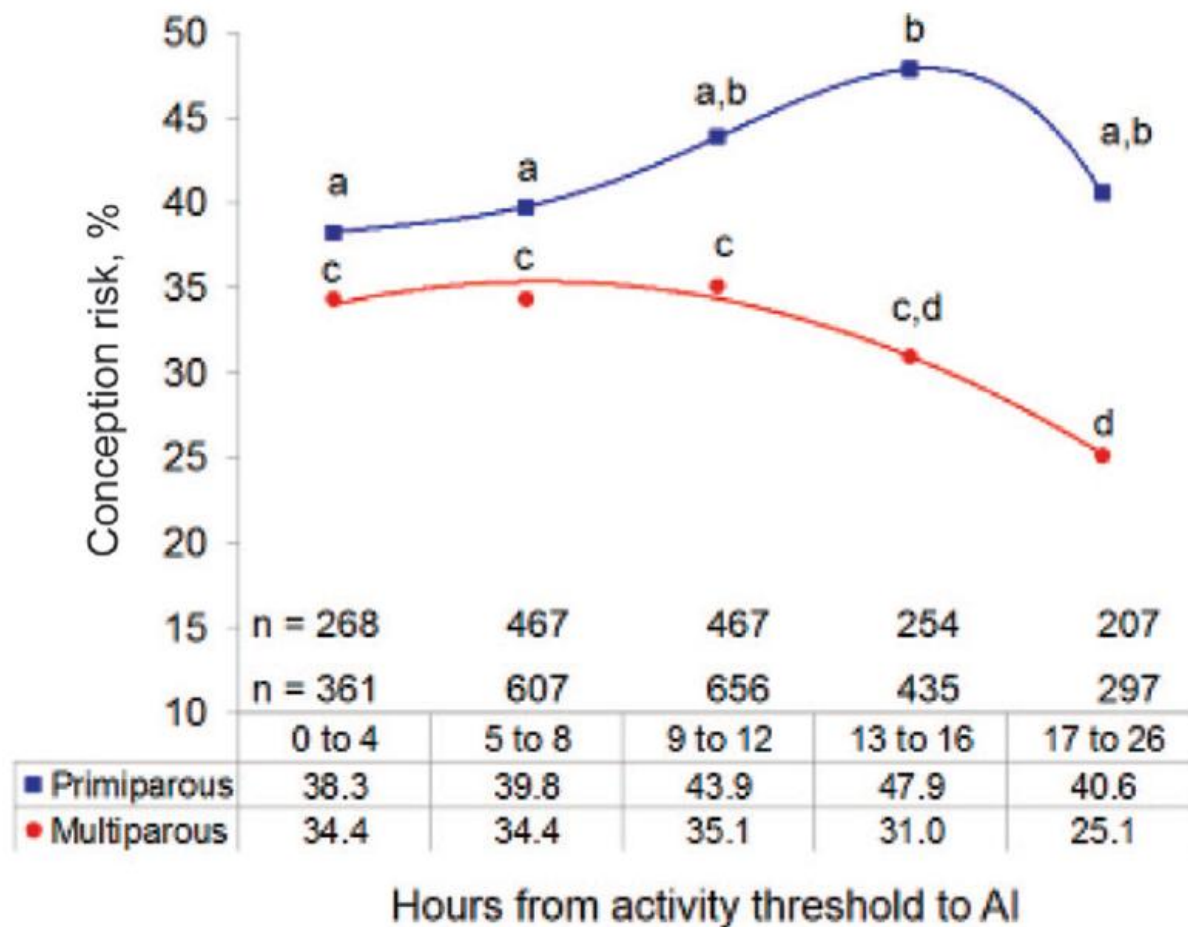


Time of ovulation



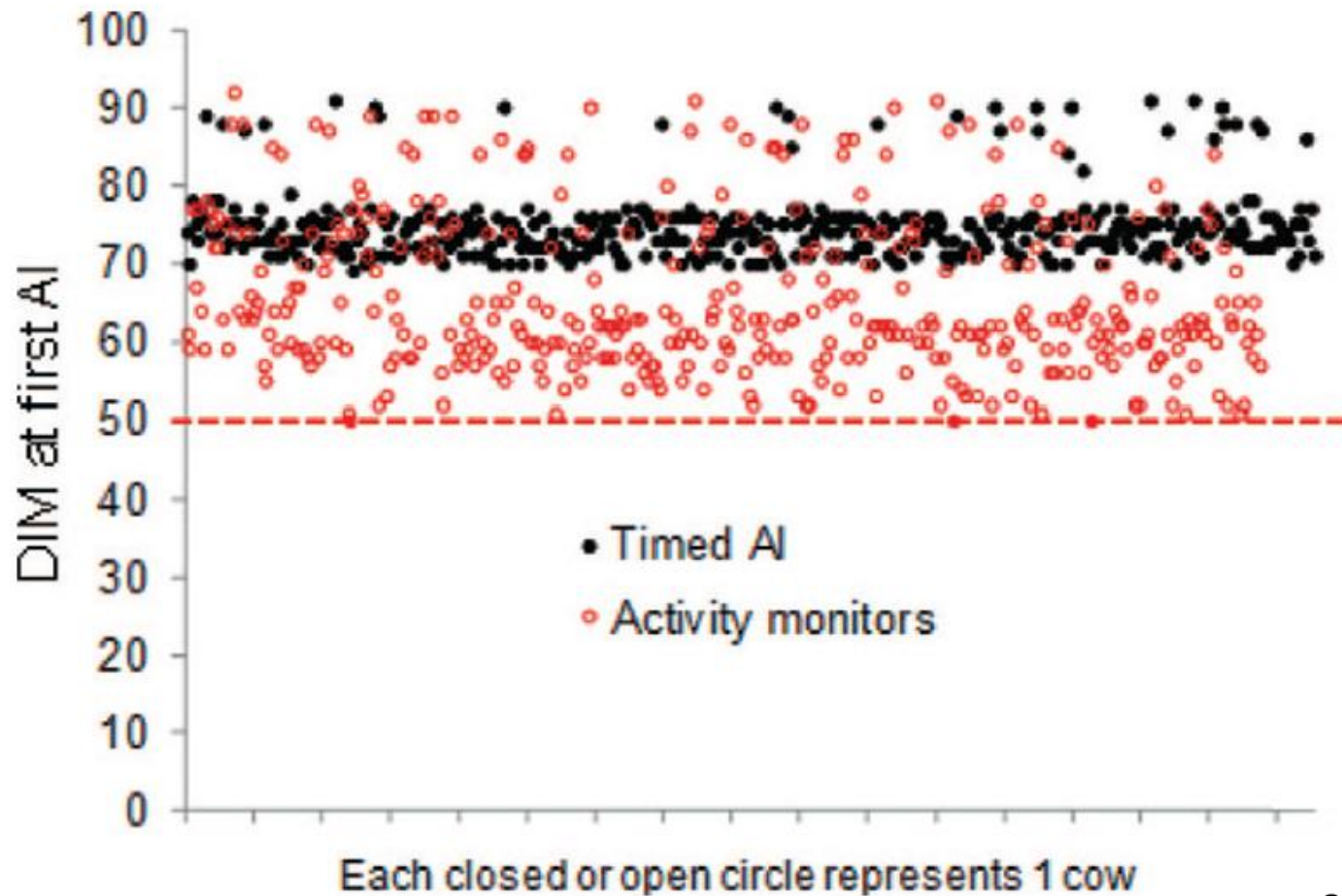
Stevenson et al (2014)

Time of AI relative to activity threshold



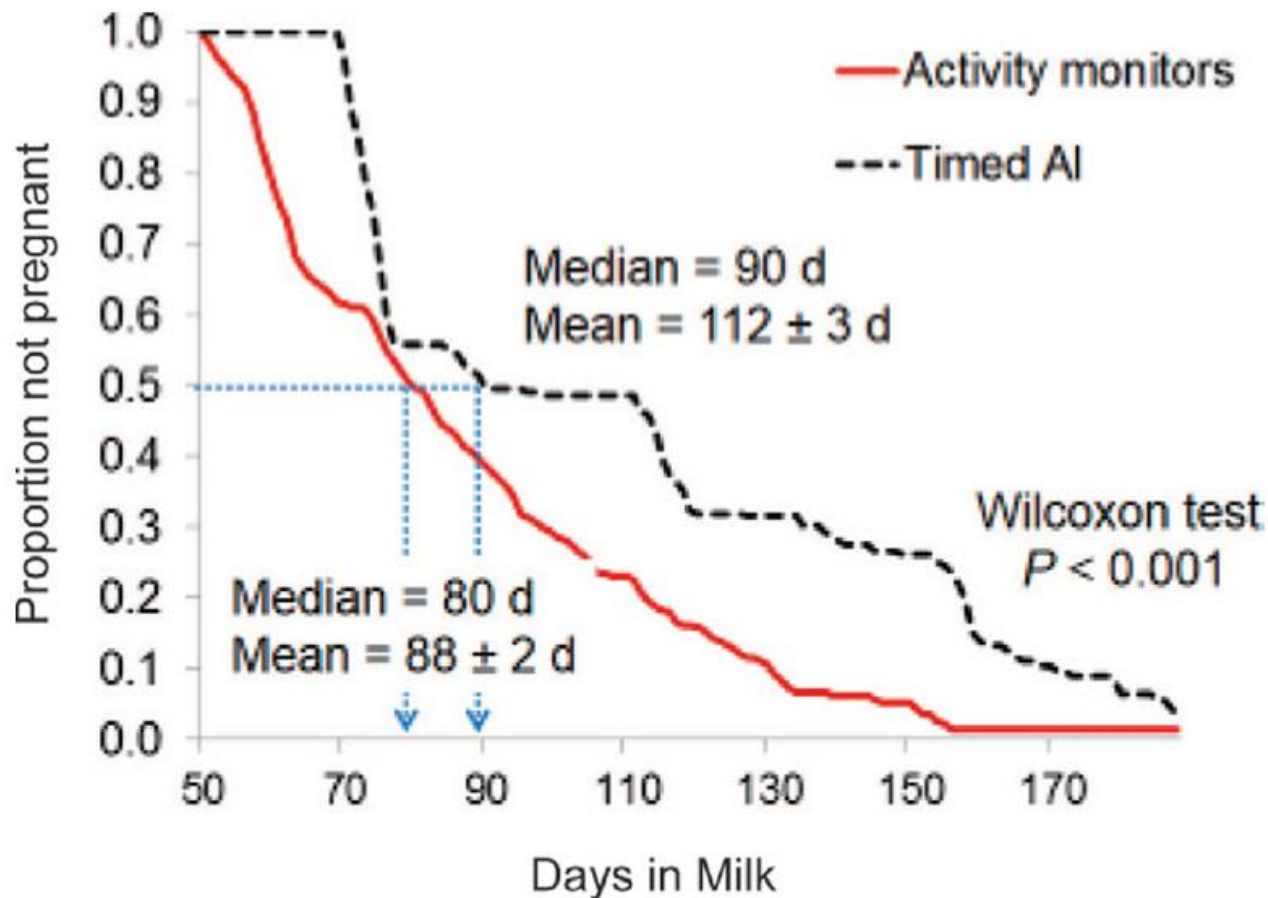
Stevenson et al (2014)

Timed AI vs MooMonitor



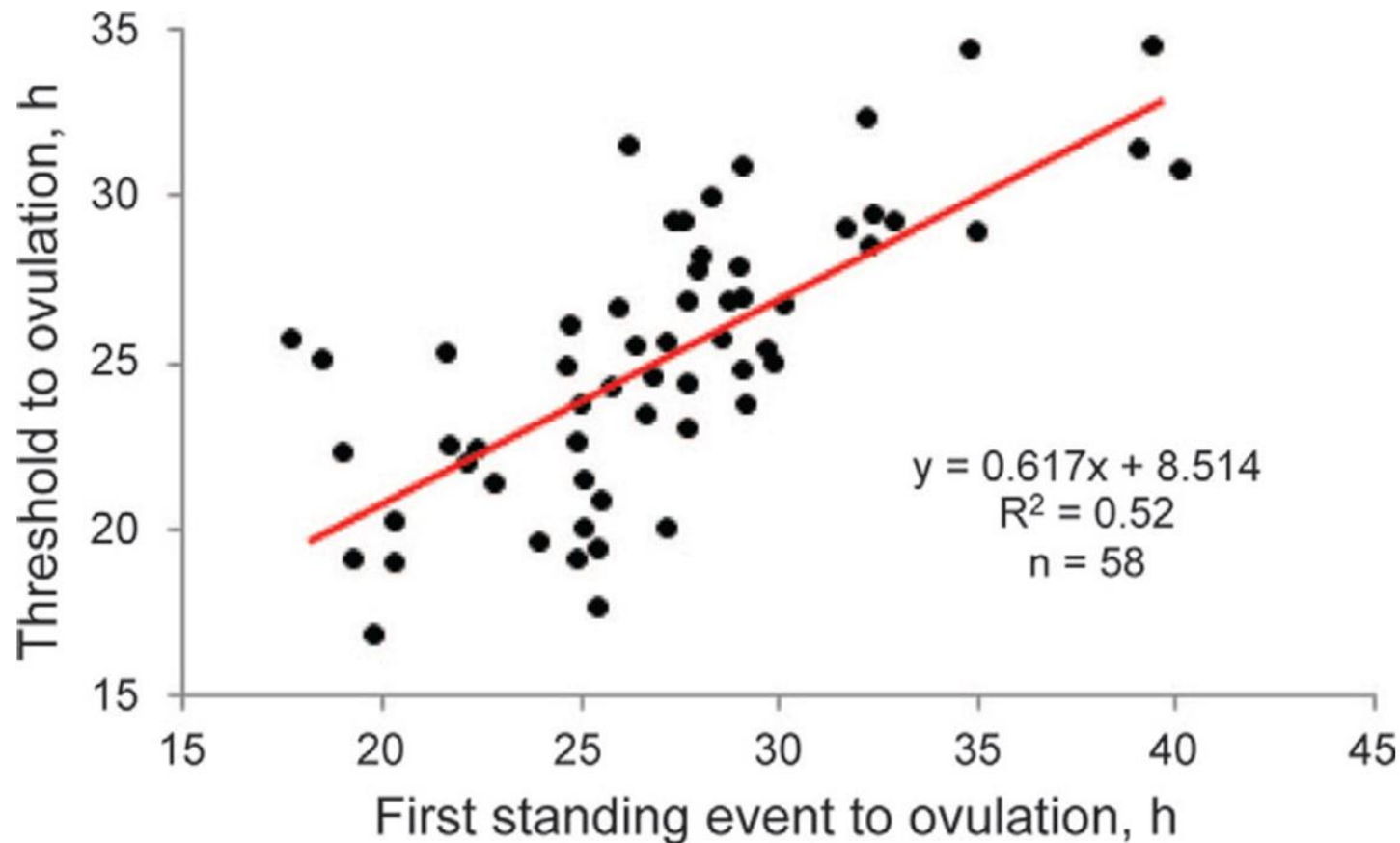
Stevenson et al (2014)

Timed AI vs MooMonitor

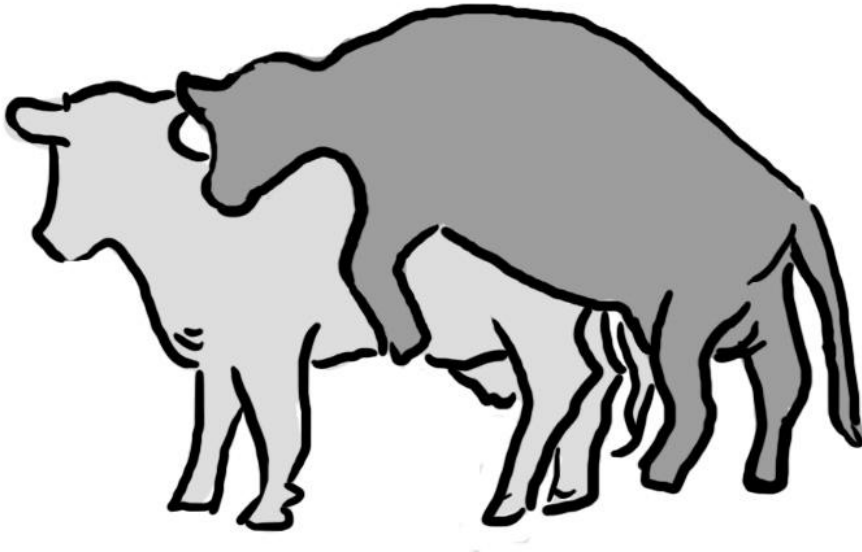


Stevenson et al (2014)

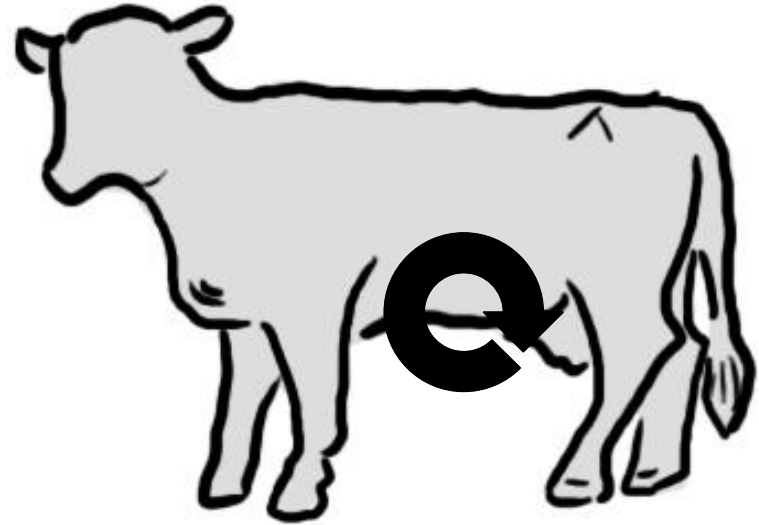
Activity threshold and first standing event



Is there another way?

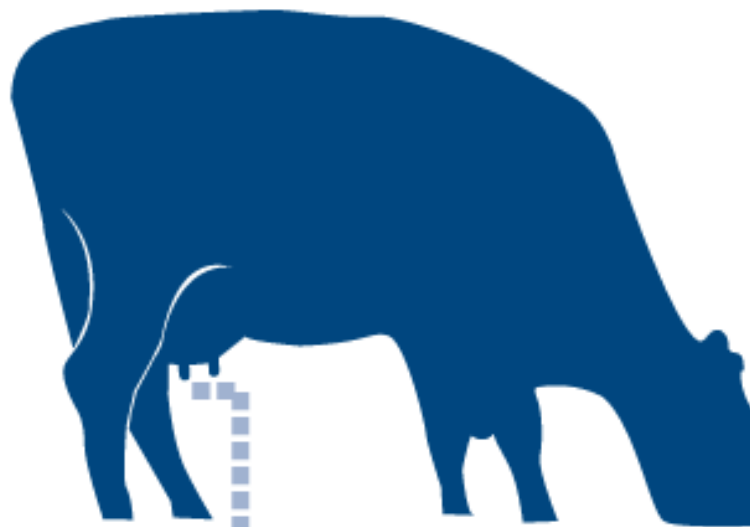


Detection of estrous behavior



Detection of approaching ovulation in the absence of estrous behavior (biochemical test)

In-line Progesterone: Herd Navigator



Intelligent milk-sampling station



Analysis unit



Clear action points
for effective management

Detects heat by measuring progesterone

Early detection of: silent heat, heat, pregnancy, abortion, follicular and luteal cysts, and prolonged anoestrus.

Detects mastitis by measuring LDH, lactate dehydrogenase

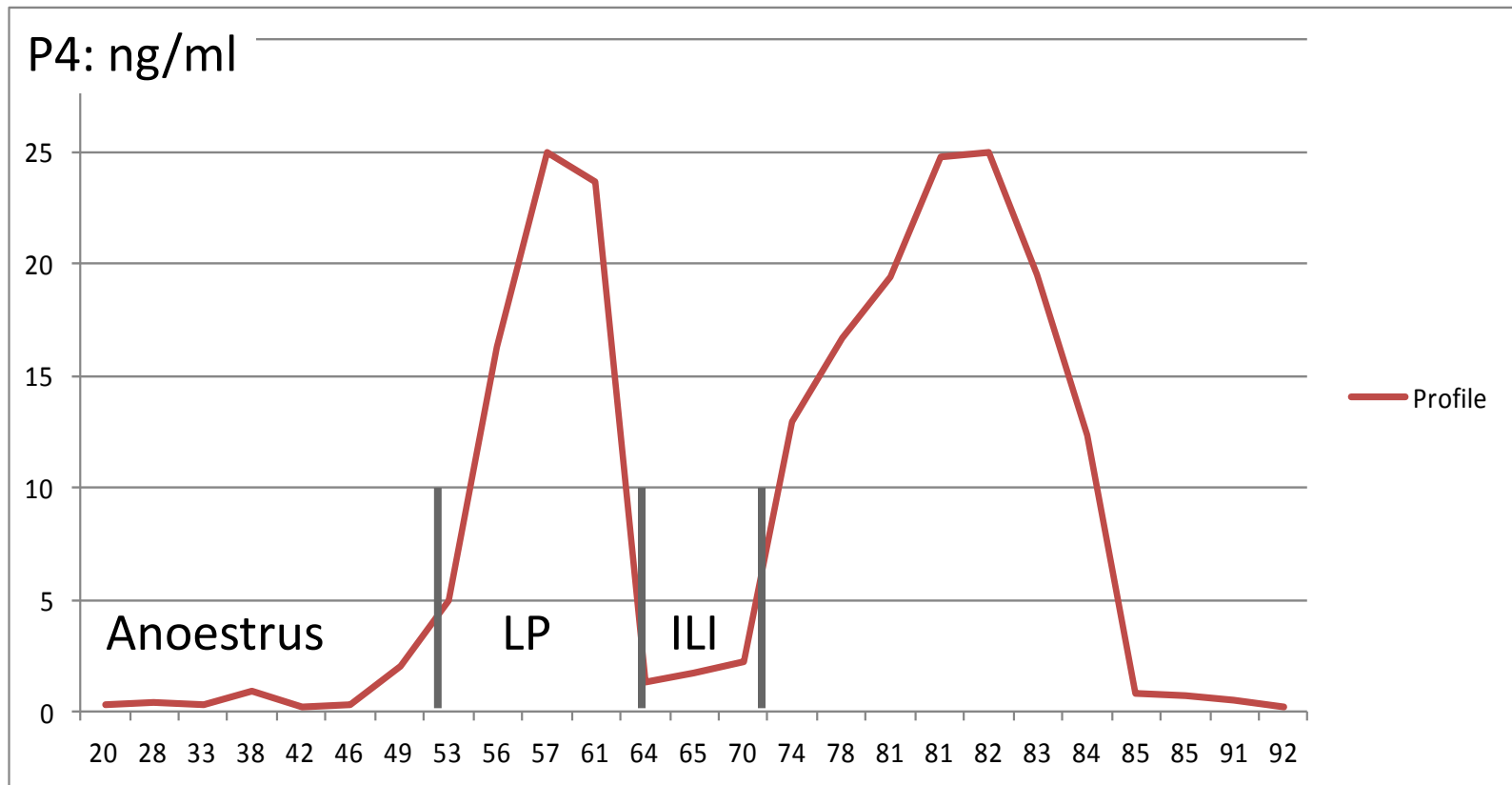
Early detection of subclinical and acute mastitis.

Detects ketosis by measuring BHB, beta-hydroxybutyrate

Early detection of: subclinical ketosis, ketosis, metabolic diseases. Herd Navigator™

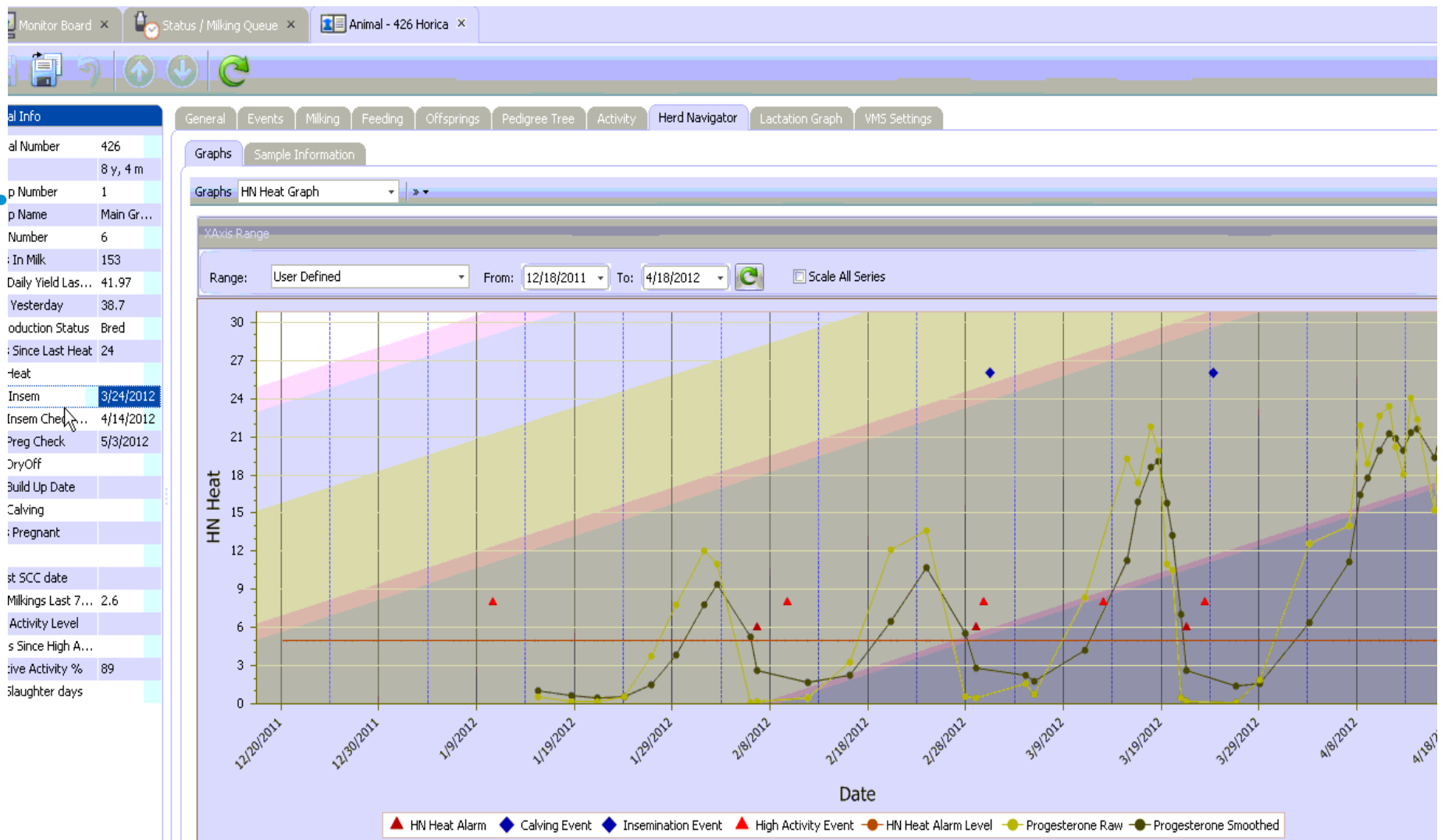
 **DeLaval**

Progesterone profile

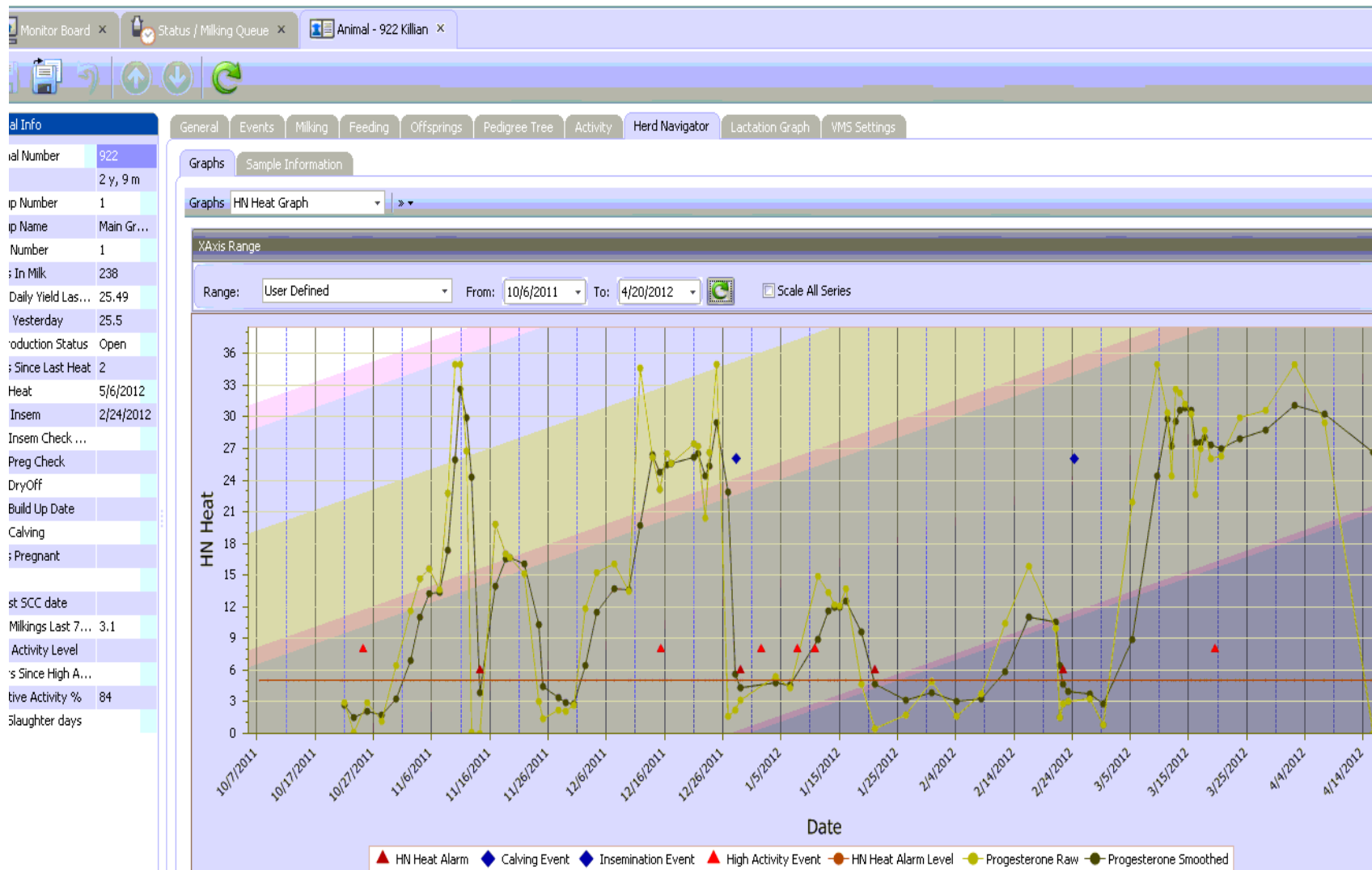


LP = Luteal Phase; ILI = Inter-Luteal Interval

Cow 426 – Reproductive Graph

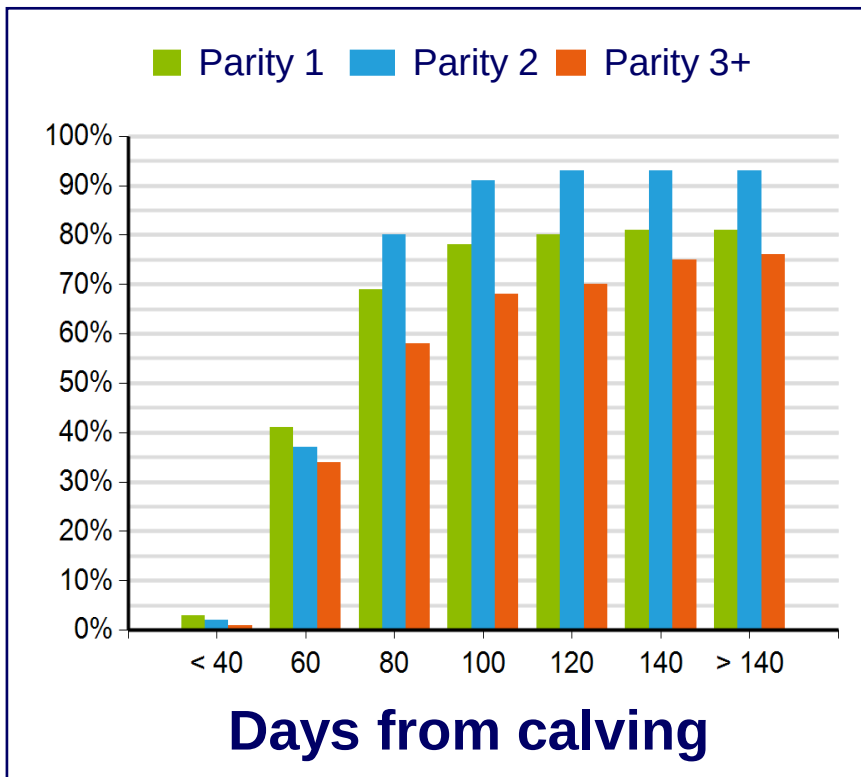


Cow 922 – Progesterone Graph

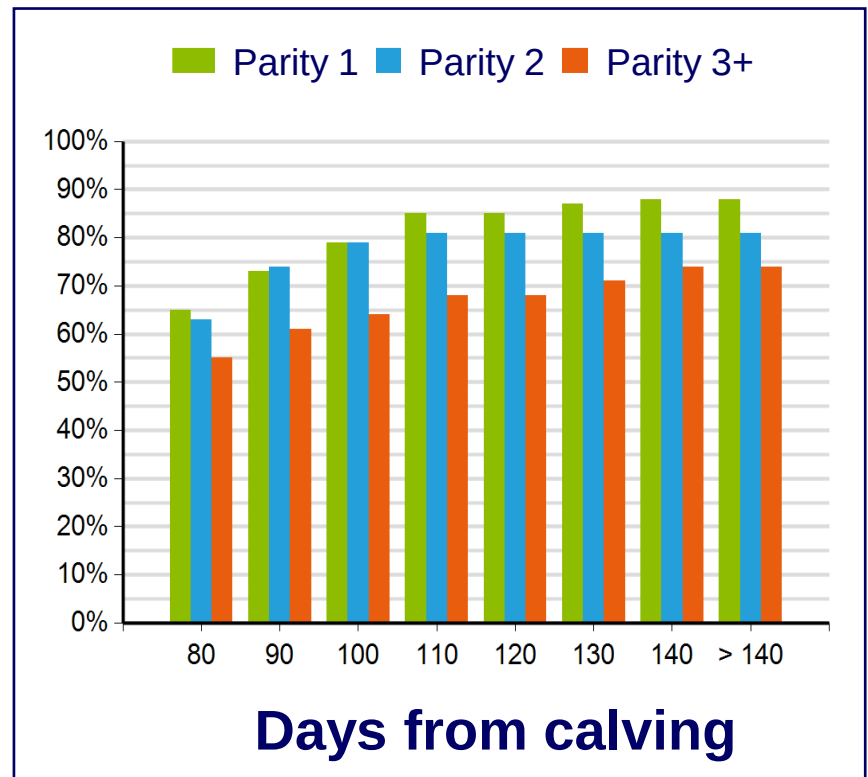


Reproduction results, Farm 1

% of fresh cows inseminated



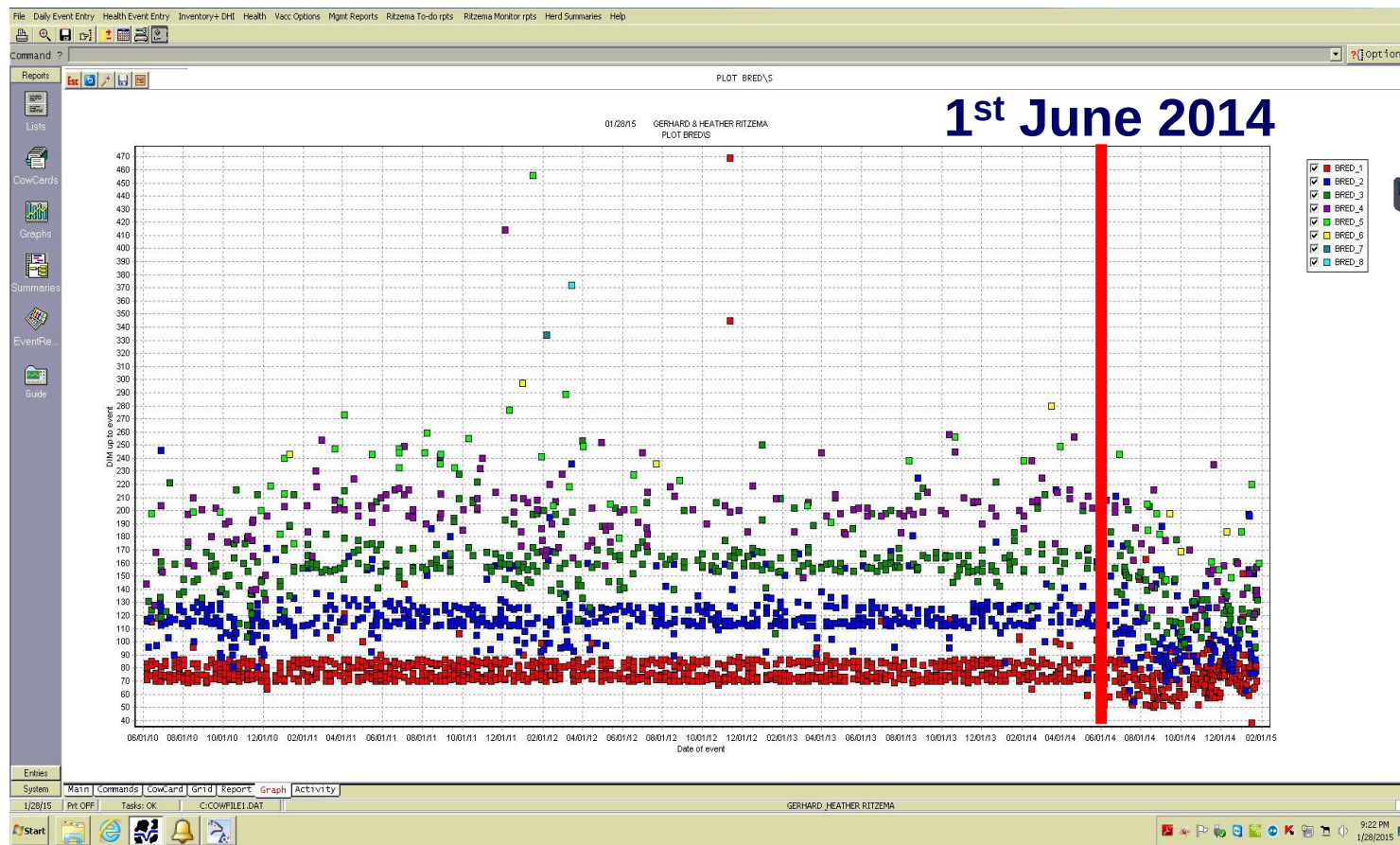
% of inseminated cows pregnant



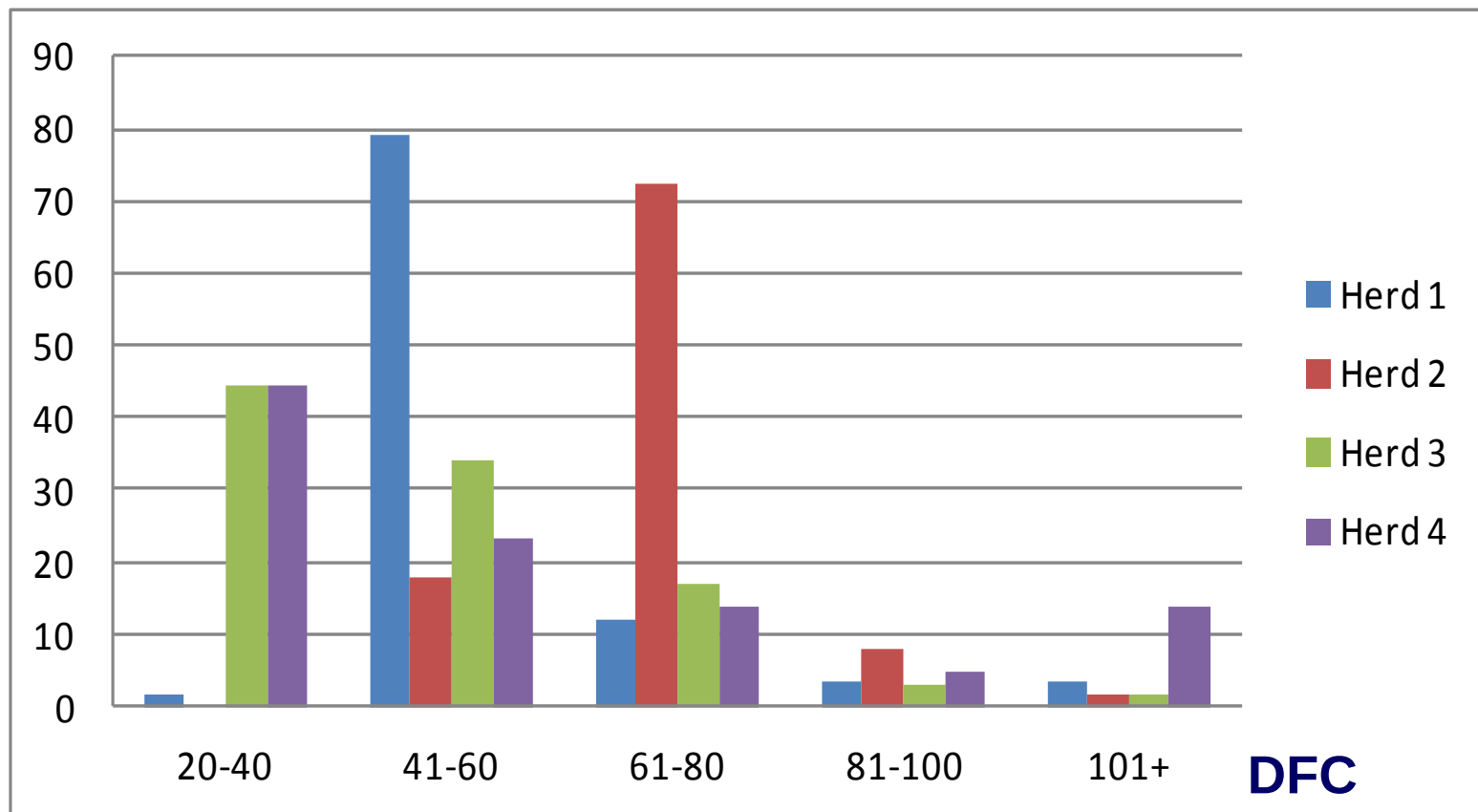
Reproduction results, Farm 1

	HN	Visual Observation	
Number of Cows: 187	2014	2013	2012
Submission Rate, %	73	50	41
Conception Rate, %	46	47	43
Pregnancy Rate, %	0.33	0.23	0.18

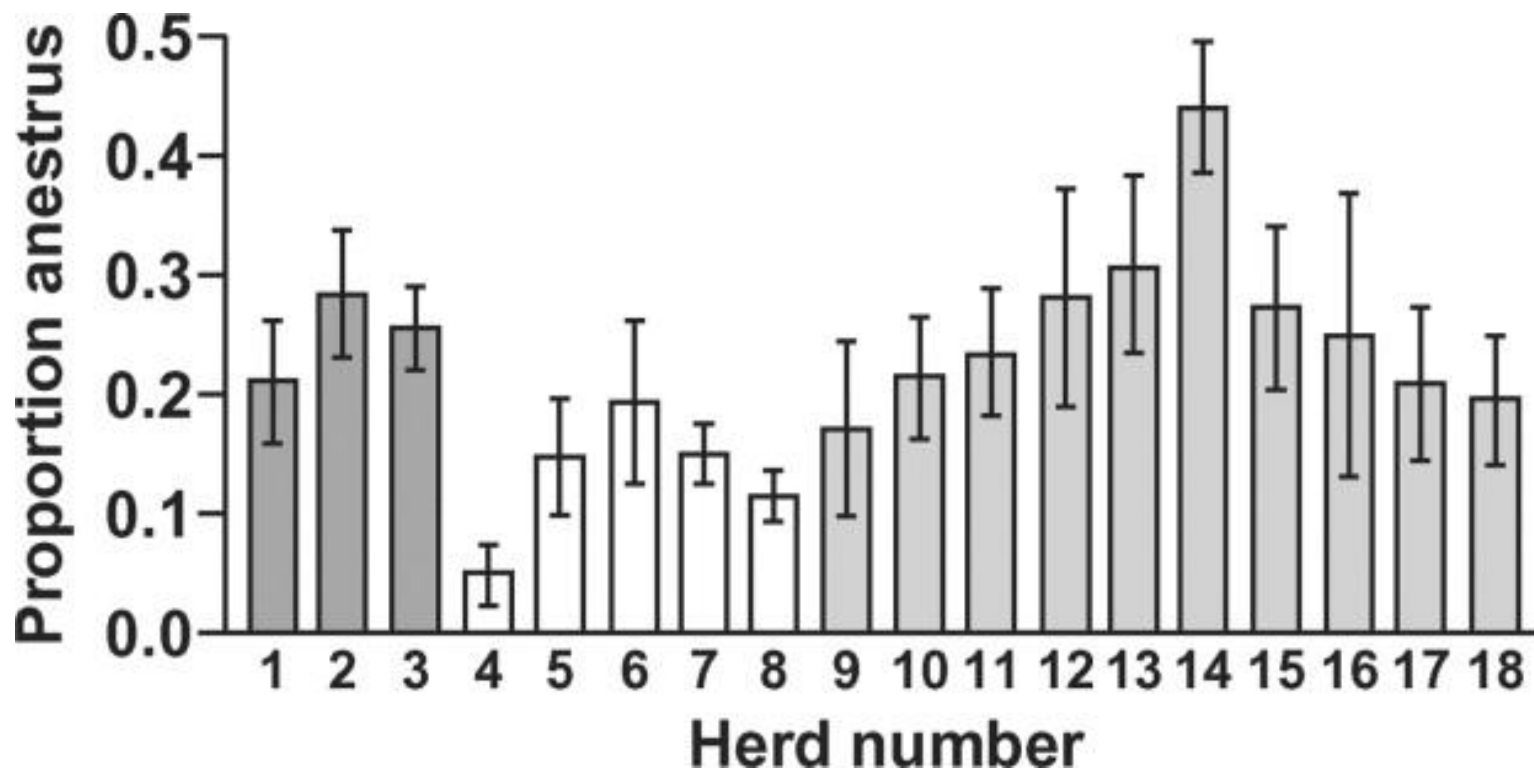
Shift from sync program to HN, Farm 2



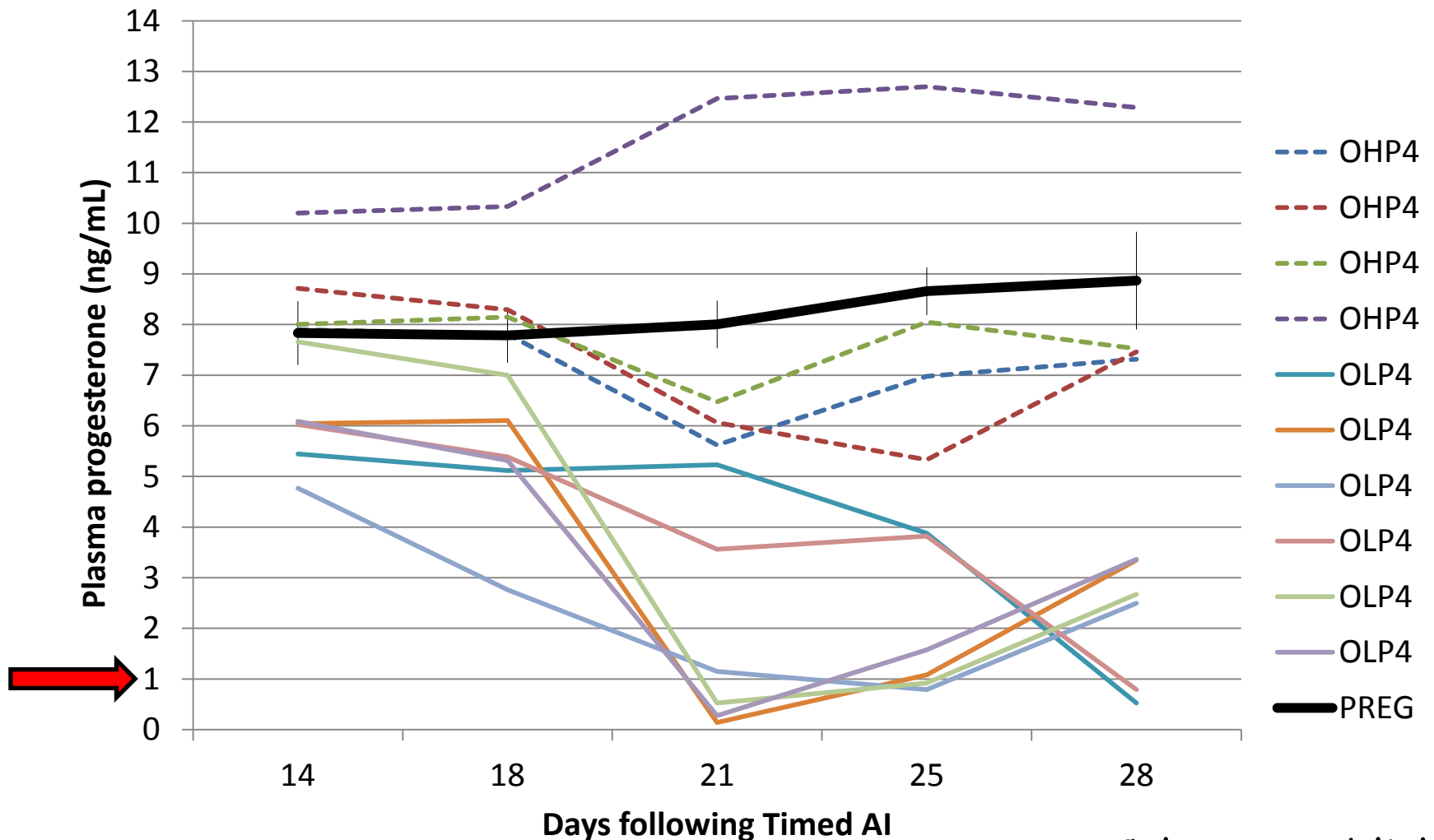
Commencement of first luteal activity



Prevalence of anovulation in 18 Ontario dairy herds



Plasma progesterone profiles of dairy cows after timed-AI



Colazo unpublished

Question 4

Genetics has a major effect on herd fertility. I place major emphasis on fertility traits when choosing bulls.

- Very positive?
- Positive?
- Unsure/undecided?
- Negative?

The North American Holstein.....



**BETTY FORD
CLINIC
PATIENT IN
TRAINING**

What do WE expect?



Strong signs of
heat!!

Oestrous Behaviour

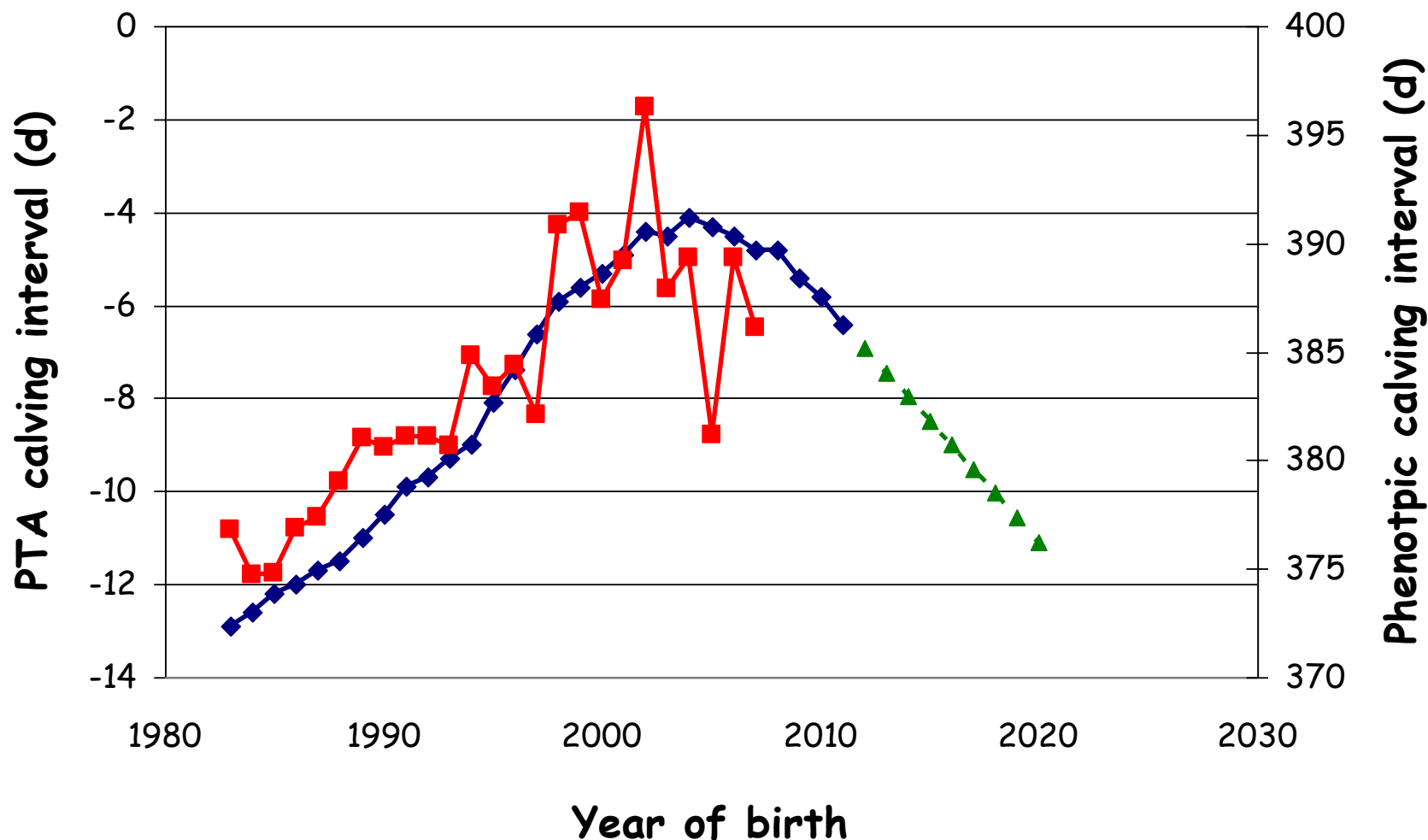
Fert+ vs Fert- cows



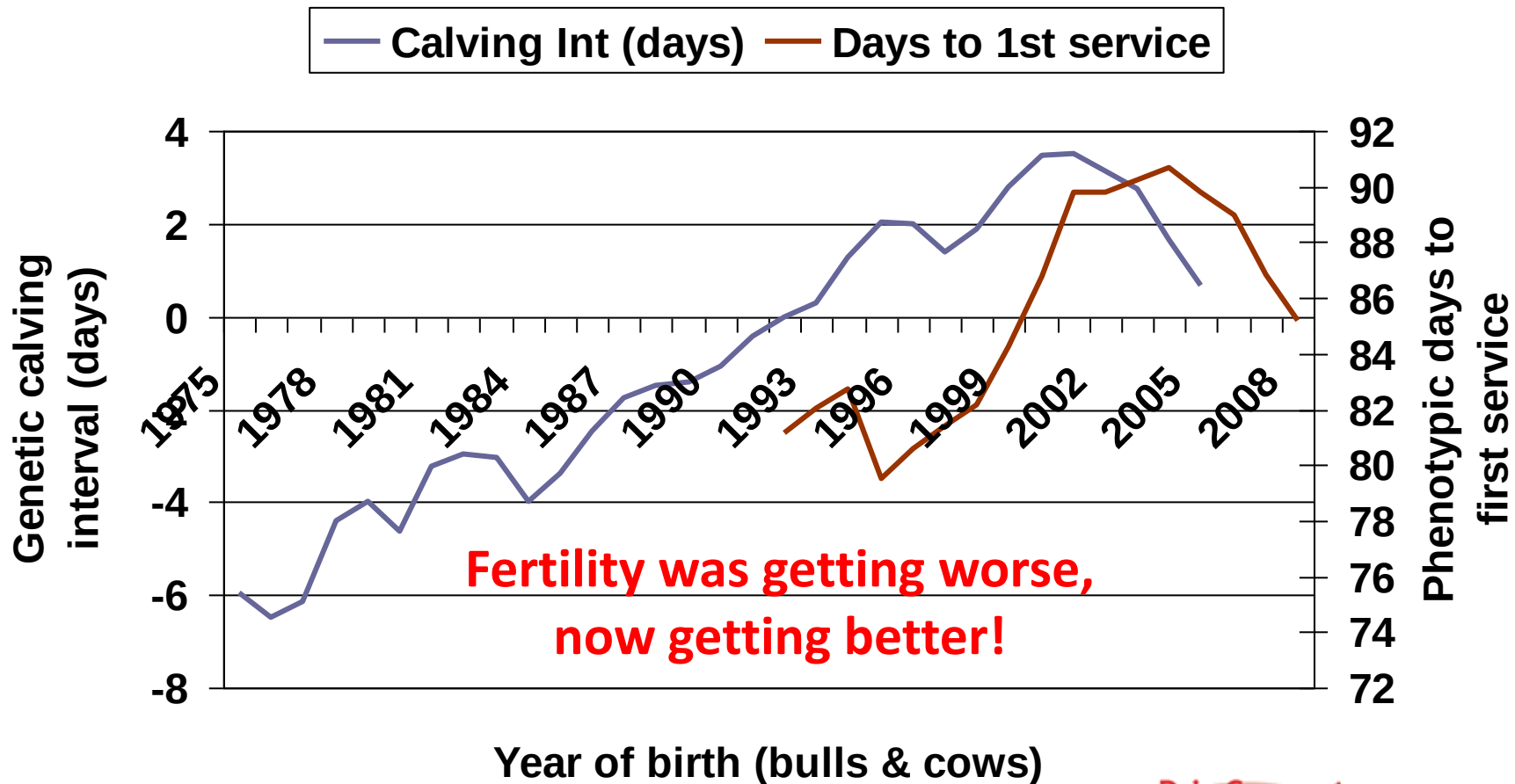
	Fert+	Fert-	P-value
Duration of Heat (hr)	7.53	5.86	0.08
Peak activity	168	119	0.01
Silent heats	2%	22%	0.02
Heat without ovulation	0%	14%	0.04

(Cummins et al. 2012b JDS)

Genetic Improvement in Fertility (IRL)



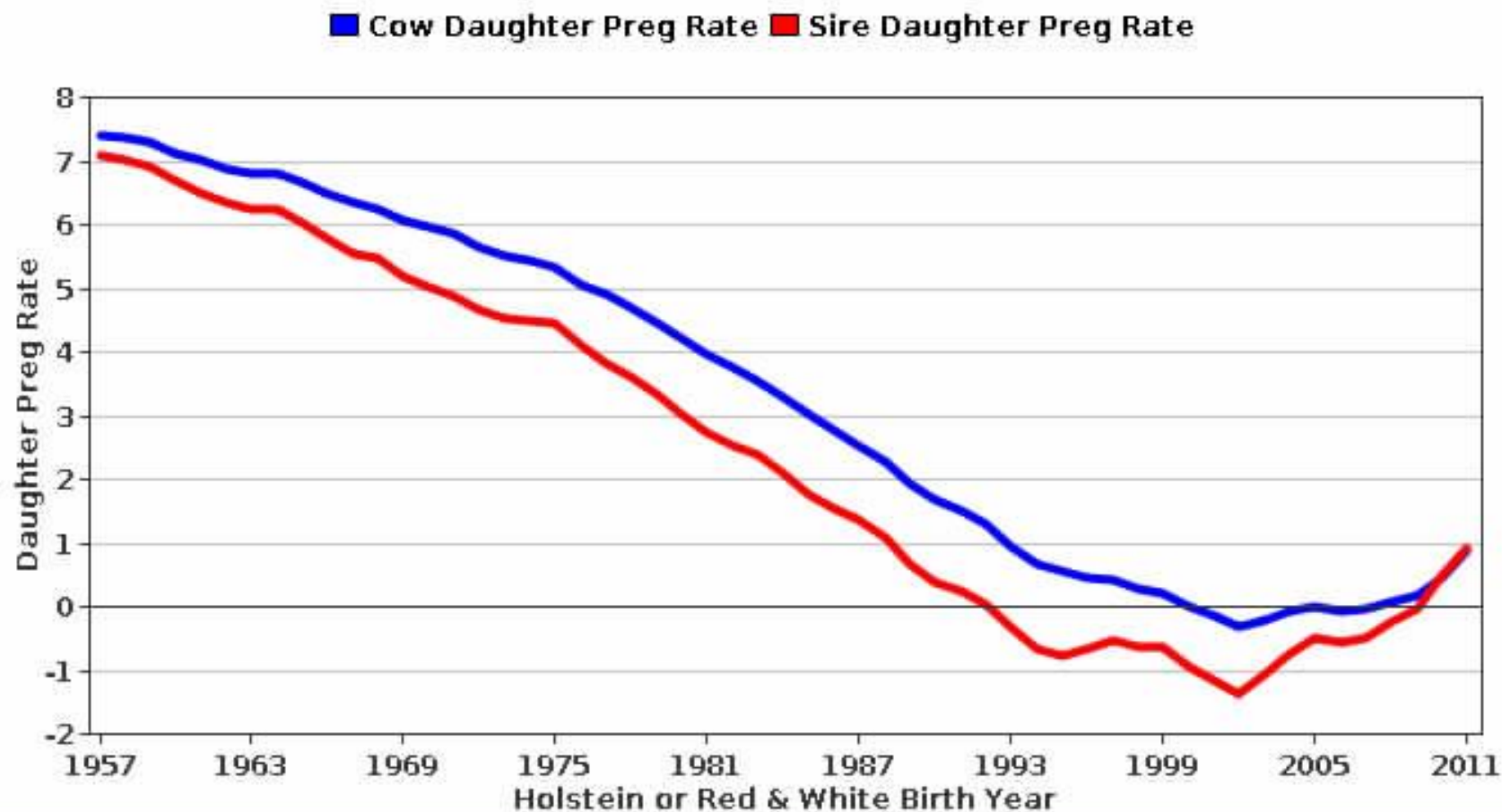
(Genetic) Improvement in Fertility (UK)



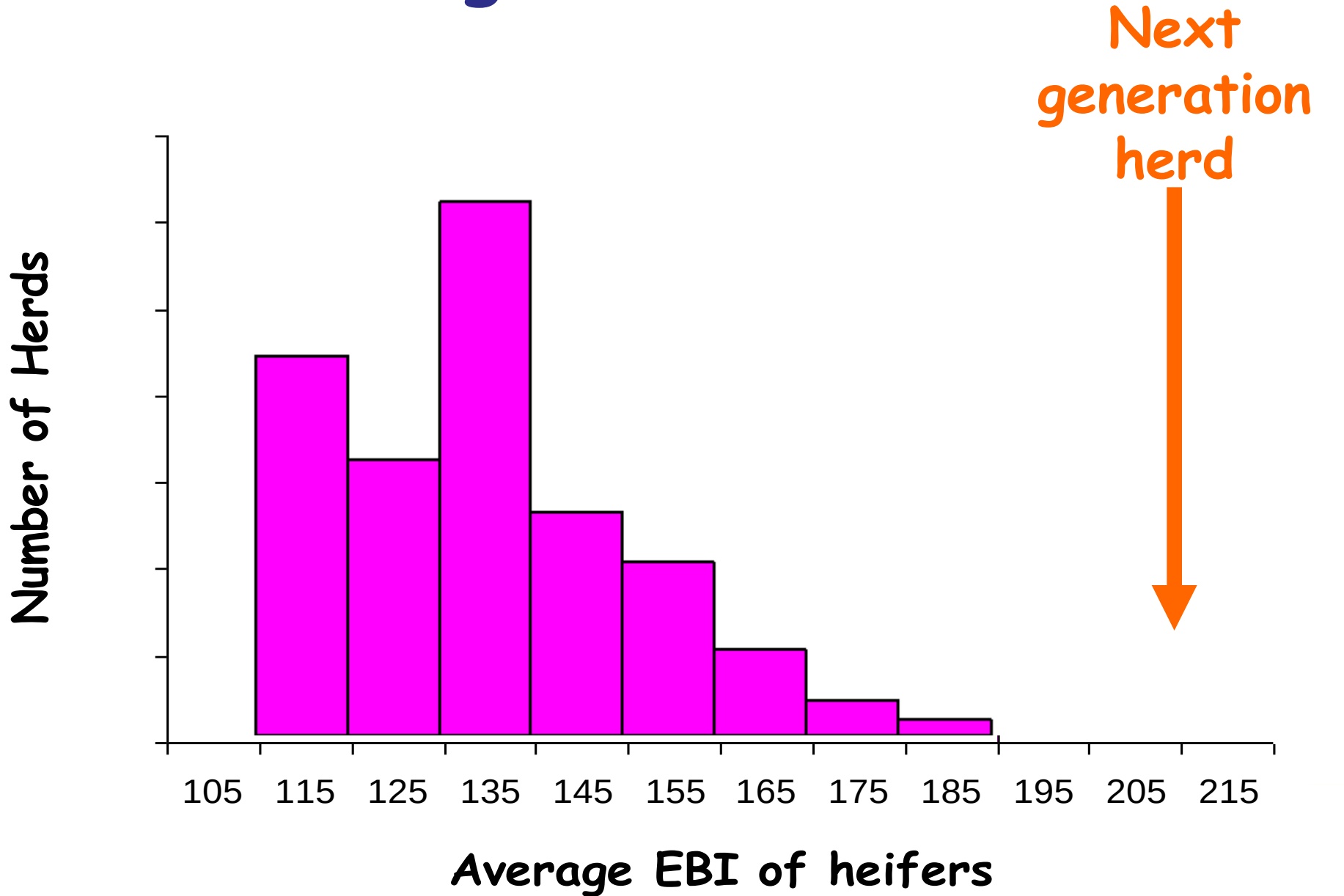
DairyCo
breeding+

Sept, 2009

Genetic Improvement in Fertility (USA)



So how long will it take....



Sinead McParland



THANK YOU !

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marcos.colazo@gov.ab.ca; mgcolazo@yahoo.com