# Managing On-Farm Feed Mills



## Why is it important?

- 1. Food safety
- 2. Accountable
- 3. Traceable
- 4. Feed is the largest cost of production
- 5. Predictable animal performance



## **Objective**

 To source wholesome ingredients, process them, mix balanced diets, and deliver them to barns

- Considerations:
  - Costs
  - Species
  - Barn feed equipment
  - Feeders



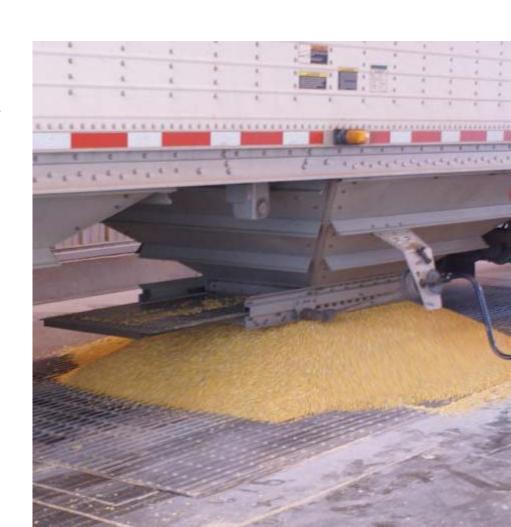
### **Sourcing Feed Ingredients**

- Qualifying suppliers
- Qualifying truckers
- Biosecurity rules
- Delivery contracts
- Tolerances
- Specifications
- MUST BE TRACEABLE



### **Receiving Feed Ingredients**

- Bulk or bagged
- Inspection, sampling
- Assign lot numbers
- Delivery log
- Receiving pit
- Receiving liquids
- Blowing ingredients



## **On-Site Testing of Ingredients**

- Representative sampling
- Colour, odour, viscosity, temp, particle size, etc.
- Tolerances checklist
  - Foreign material, dockage
  - Seed impurities
  - Chemical, physical hazards
  - Ergot, smut, mycotoxins
- **Specifications** checklist
- Moist, CP, ADF, Ca, P, fat
- Sample storage, labeling





## **Bulk Ingredient Storage**

- Bin capacity & assignment
- Bin cleaning, repairs
- Bridging
  - Live bottom
  - Flow vibrators
- Aeration
- Inventory, contracts
- First-in, first-out



### **Particle Size Reduction**

- Hammer, roller, disc mills
- Smaller particle ↑power, ↓thruput, ↑wear
- Smaller particle †feed efficiency, intake??
- Screen size, tip speed vs. gap
- Ingredient dependent
- Dehulling, blowing
- Equipment installed in tandem



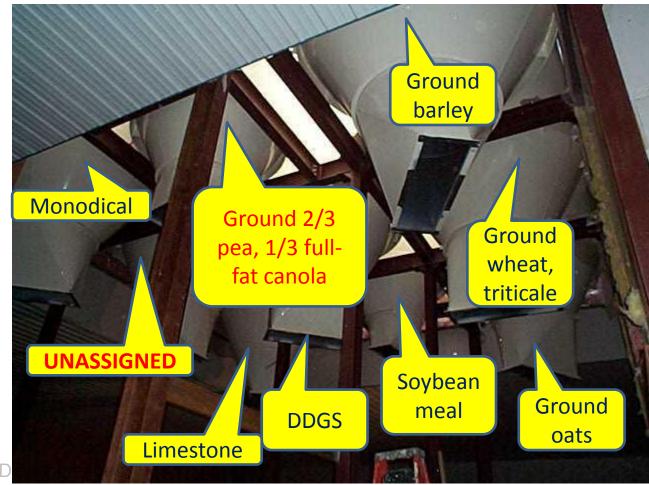
### **Accessory Grain Equipment**

- Offers GREAT OPPORTUNITIES
- Grain dryer
- Scalpers
- Dehullers
- Blowers
- Oil pressing
- Vibro-sieving



- OPPORTUNITY INGREDIENTS
- Tote hangers
- Proportioner mill

### **Overhead Bins**



## **Warehouse Management**

- Bagged ingredients
- Totes, pallets, tubs
- Floor plan
- Inventory
- Sanitation
- Pest control
- First-in, first-out



## **Storage & Handling of Medications**

- Drug concentration
- Properly identified containers in marked area
- Expiry dates
- Cross-contamination
  - Scoops
  - Weighing containers
  - Scales, mixer, bins used
  - Turnheads, legs, augers
- DRUG RESIDUE TESTING

- Corresponding records:
  - Medication inventory
  - Medication purchased
  - Daily production log



## **Scales & Metering Devices**

Calibration

Standardization



Check weights



### Scales, Metering Devices

- Appropriate range
- Accuracy => tolerance or variance from true wt.
  - ✓ 0.1% of scale capacity or +/- 1 graduation, whichever is greater for new scales (<1y)
- <u>Sensitivity</u> => smallest weight change that will cause the indicator to move
- <u>Graduation</u> => finest division of readout display



SCALE CHECK:	CHECK: Scale ID  Before		Tolerance, kg  0.1% of capacity or ± 1 display graduation  After	
	Expected wt, kg	Actual wt, kg	Expected wt, kg	Actual wt, kg
Light reference weight ID				
Heavy reference weight ID	·			·
Added (light + heavy)	Accept (circle)	Reject (circle)	Accept (circle)	Reject (circle)
	Initials	Date	Initials	Date
Alberta Agricu	ılture and Rural [	yyyy, Mmm, dd Development ©		yyyy, Mmm, dd

## **Mixing Feeds**



- Mixer types
- Order of addition
  - Bulk ingredients
  - Hand-adds
  - Liquids
- Mixed batch lot #

- Mixing time
  - Emptying
  - Capacity at testing
  - Collection of samples
  - Salt, tracers

# **Mixing Time Records**

Lab results

CV% calculation

Sample #	alue of sample X	(X-mean)	(X-mean)^2		
1	1.985	0.179	0.032		
2	1.625	-0.182	0.033		
3	1.715	-0.092	0.008		
4	1.625	-0.182	0.033		
5	1.950	0.144	0.021		
6	1.800	-0.007	0.000		
7	1.800	-0.007	0.000		
8	2.025	0.219	0.048		
9	1.625	-0.182	0.033		
n = 10	1.915	0.109	0.012		
Sum =>	18.065		0.219	/n-1=variance	•
Mean=sum/n =>	1.807		0.024	<= variance	
Stdev=sqrt variance =>	0.156		0.156	<= stdev=sqrt variance	
CV%=(stdev/mean)*100 =>	8.640				

### **Mixing Sequence**

- 1. Diets for "market-ready" animals
- 2. Mix script-medicated diets 1<sup>st</sup> (2.5x)
- Mix MIB-level medicated diets 2<sup>nd</sup>
- 4. Mix zero-withdrawal diets 3<sup>rd</sup>
- Watch for cross-specie toxic meds
- Use granulated drugs when possible



## **Sequencing Records**

### Daily Production Log !!

- ✓ List equipment involved
- ✓ Manufacture date
- ✓ List feeds in order in which they passed
- ✓ Amount mixed
- ✓ Medication & level or not medicated
- ✓ Flushing or cleaning used?

#### Mixed feed lot number

# **Flushing**

Type & amount of flush material

Additional flush material used?

 Flush used as ingredient in feeds with same medication

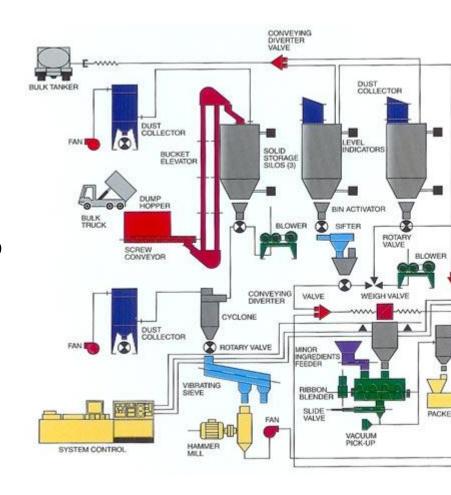
Feed only to approved species

When stored, label according to medication



## **Flushing Records**

- Noted where?
- Taken to landfill?
- Who bagged it?
- How was it labeled?
- Where was it stored?
- Where was it used up?
- Dust from sweeping, vacuumed, cyclones



### Pelleting, Crumbling

- "Birds can see very well
- Waste feed and time searching
- Prefer pellets over fines
- Prefer larger fines over smaller fines
- Prefer courser feeds over finer feeds
- Prefer largest pellet that suits them
- Rake feed to make choices
- Rake feed if different colors or textures present"



### **Loadout Bins**

- Medicated diets to labeled loadout bin
- Flushing and sequencing
- Mixed in error => it's a recall
- Re-routing back to mixer
- Manufacturing tag transfer from mixer to loadout bin



### **Feed Distribution**

- Truck compartments
- Manufacturing tag follows feed
- Sequencing and flushing
- Medicated in aft compartment(s)
- Contaminating broom
- Manifolds

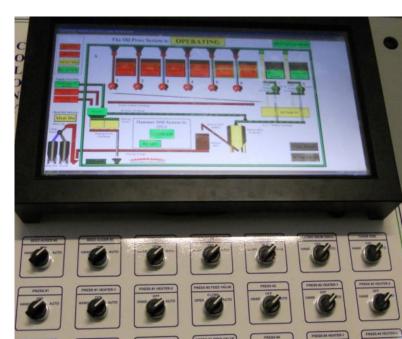
#### Records:

- Truck log
- Tag placed/removed
- Consecutive lot #s

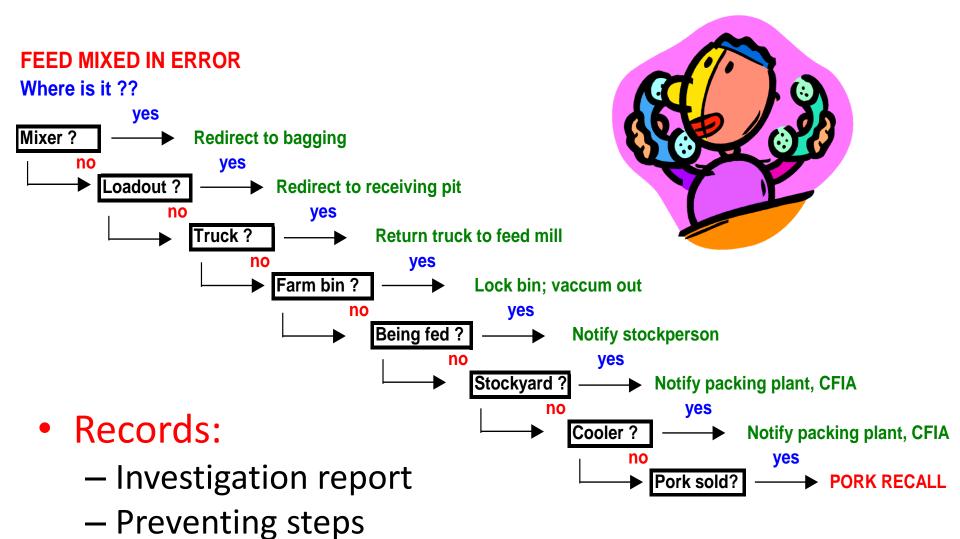


## **Diet Production & Testing**

- Ordering feed vs. scheduling
- Visually checking farm feed bins
- Feed Manager ⇔ nutritionist
- Changes in feed formulation
- 3-sieve particle size testing
- Lab analyses vs. NIRS
- Chemistry vs. calculated
- Diet tolerance, specs



### **Feed Recalls**



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### **Maintenance and Repairs**

- Commissioning equipment
- Scheduled maintenance
- Repairs
- Equipment replacement
- Contractors
  - Biosecurity
  - Workers Comp



### **Training**

- Training program
  - In-house
  - External
    - HACCP
    - Medications
- CFIA licensing ???
- Who can do what?

### **Record of Training**



Tramer:

I hereby acknowledge that the following employees were present during the entire session on Familiarization with XXXXXX, which I taught on 199\_, yyyyy 99, at Main Office building.

•		•
•		•
•		•
•		•

The following material was presented:

Persons receiving training:	
Name	Signature

	Name
	Position
Date:	
	yy Mmm dd

#### Feed Samples

- As long as they afford evaluation (for drug target or residue)
- X months after flock ended or meat animals slaughtered

#### Documents

- 3 years minimum
- Fire proof location
- Double lock
- Investigations of noncompliance
- Corrective actions
- Specs, residue results
- Distribution records

### **Archiving**



### **Administrative Procedures**

- Shopping for commodities
- Hedging, risk-spreading
- Tenders and contracts
- Quotes and purchasing
- Accounting procedures
- Process control



### **Conclusions**

- On-farm feed milling can be a complex activity
- Multitasking, but it is a process
- Large \$ tided in assets, inventory
- Realistic QC, QA, HACCP
- Avoid mixing medicated feeds
- Predictable animal performance
- Who's the doer, who's the thinker?

