Maternal age but not parity affected daughter's fertility during first lactation

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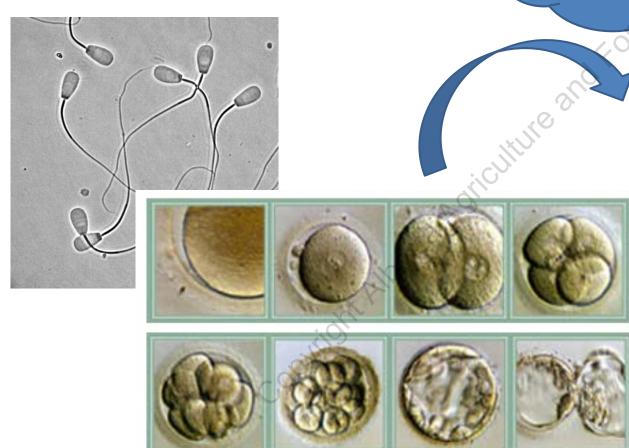






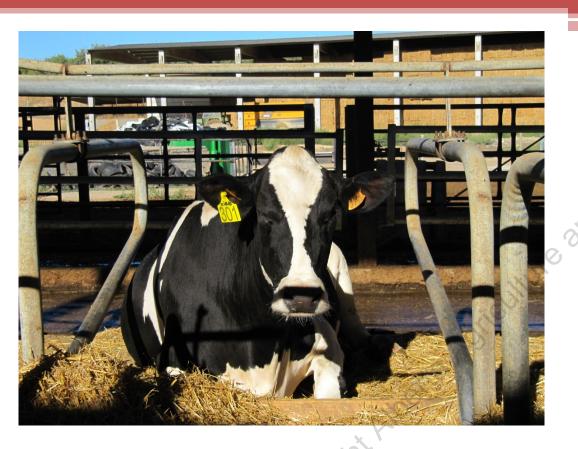
INTRODUCTION

-Lack of nutrients -Healthy/diseased progeny?





Embryo differentiation



Pregnancy + Milk production



High nutrient demands

Epigenetic effects?

MATERNAL EFFECTS

Younger vs older cows

Cows born from younger mothers

- greater milk production

(Astiz et al., 2014)

Lactating vs non lactating cows

Cows born to mothers that were lactating while pregnant

- lower milk production
- shorter productive life
- lower metabolic efficiency

(Gonzalez-Recio et al., 2012)

... on reproductive efficiency?

The **aim** was to determine impacts of maternal parity (heifer *vs* cow) and age (AGE) or days in milk (DIM) at conception on:

- reproductive performance
- 305-d milk yield (mature equivalent) of first-lactation

female offspring

MATERIAL & METHODS

- •Retrospective observational study
- •Edmonton, Canada (DRTC)
- •Data obtained from female offspring of 599 dams (214 heifers and 385 cows).



- Independent variables:

maternal parity (cow vs heifer) dam's DIM (cows) or AGE (heifers) at conception.

- Dependent variables for each female offspring:

Reproductive performance

prior to and during first lactation

Milk production

305-d ME of first lactation

conception rate to first AI interval from | birth to conception calving to conception

Data were analyzed using ANOVA, Chi² and Kaplan-Meier survival analysis

RESULTS

Reproductive performance

Table 1. Effect of maternal parity (heifer vs cow) on reproductive performance of Holstein female offspring.

	HEIFERS (n=599)	
DAM	CR after first AI (%)	Birth to conception (d)
Heifer	59.8	455.3 ± 4.2
Cow	64.2	448.5± 2.9

However, when AGE was considered...

Reproductive performance

Table 2. Effect of maternal AGE (heifers) and DIM (cows) at conception on fertility of offspring during first lactation.

	FIRST LACTATION		
DAM	Pregnant after first AI (n=171)	Non-pregnant after first AI (n=311)	
Heifer Maternal AGE at conception (d)	421.7±4.1a	437.6±3.5 ^b	

^{a,b} Within category, values without a common superscript differed (p<0.01)

Milk production

Effect of maternal parity

8995.2±128.2 kg vs

8655.2±88.9 kg



Heifer's offspring



Cow's offspring

(p=0.02)

1.1 kg/d

CONCLUSIONS

- No significant effect of maternal parity on reproductive performance.
- •Primiparous offspring of younger heifers were more likely to become pregnant after first AI during first lactation.
- Daughters of heifers produced more milk during first lactation.

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