

Getting the Word Out: Marketing Your Product to the People Who Need It

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indigo ice

I am what happens when it's time to tell people about your products.

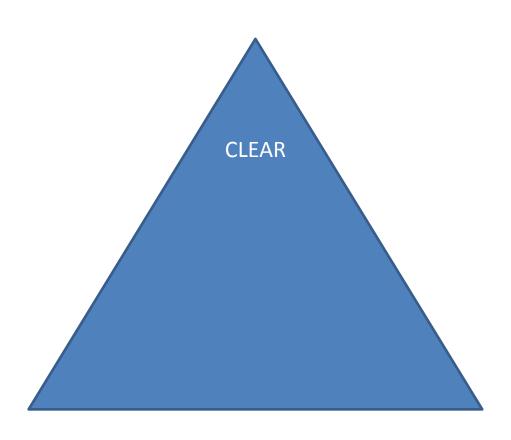
Before you start ...

- Begin your marketing planning and process by understanding – and documenting:
 - What the market looks like including PEST and SWOT
 - Your desired sales, market share and profitability numbers
 - Your marketing budget (remember: marketing is an investment not an expense. How do you want to 'look' out there?!?)
 - If you don't know what the path looks like, it's foolish to start the journey

Remember: You get ONE first chance. Make it count.

 Everything I know about success in marketing comes down to three key Bs.





- Know the "basics" inside and out. Marketing is a discipline: a combination of science and art. Your *primary* focus should be the science.
 - Product
 - Place
 - Price
 - Promotion
- Marketing is <u>not</u> an expense, its an investment people will not buy from you just because you believe in what you're selling

Product

- Define your product including its attributes and reason for being
- Have you assessed the market? How big is it? Is there room for another competitor? Contemplate both direct and indirect competition … including perceptions …
- Have you tested the product in market? Do you need to?
- How is your product different from the competition?
- How will you position the product in the market?
 - ◆price? ◆ flexibility? ◆ durability? ◆ insulative properties?
- Why should anyone care?

Place

- Where and how will you sell your product?
- What's your geographic strategy? Does the product function/react the same in every market? Will it have to be tweaked for foreign markets?
- What is your channel strategy?
 - Direct to builder?
 - Direct to retail?
 - Through influencers (architects, etc.)?
 - Through a wholesaler/distributor?
 - Bundled with another product?
- Run the numbers/feasibility assessment for each

Price

- Price is based on 3 Cs: customer demand, cost function* and competitor pricing
 - In the cost function, costs set the floor and customer assessment of unique product features and associated value sets the ceiling
- Pricing strategy options:
 - 1. MarkUp (cost plus)
 - 2. Target Return (target rate of ROI)
 - 3. Perceived Value (price based on 'what it's worth')
 - 4. Value Pricing (relative to market)
 - 5. Going Rate Pricing (based largely on competition)
- Also contemplate discounts (volume, cash, seasonal)

Promotion

- What's in a name? Be "memorable", "speakable" and "understandable"
- Who is the target audience? Who's the purchaser … who's the influencer … who's the economic buyer?
- What's your image and your message?
- How will you move people to action? (rational, emotional, moral)
- What tactics will you use? (corporate communications, advertising, promotion, public/media relations, tradeshows/industry events, direct marketing)
- What's your budget? (typical budgets = 10 20% in industrial equipment, 30 50% in consumer cosmetics)



B ... "Professional"

- Have your 'stuff' together
- Quality and consistency of presentation
- You're not the first think of everyone they've already met and find a way to stand out as being more important and more relevant
- Assume they'll give you 15 minutes
- Get OUT of your own head focus on their interests
- Don't ever let them feel like they'd be "taking a chance" on you

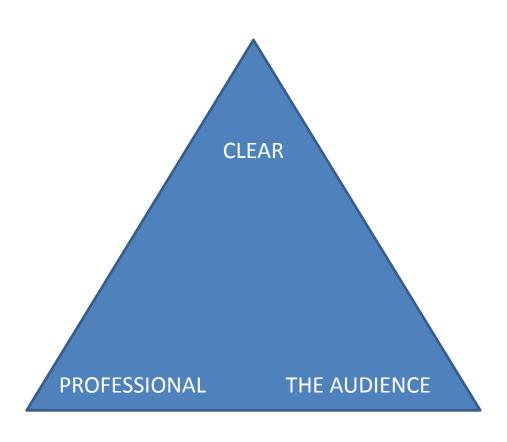
B ... "Professional"

- How people buy:
 - ↓ Awareness

 - ↓ Adoption
- Five characteristics that affect rate of adoption:
 - 1. Relative advantage
 - 2. Compatibility (of values and experiences)
 - 3. Complexity
 - 4. Divisibility (can be tried on a limited basis)
 - 5. Communicability (observable and desirable to others)

B ... "Professional"

- Have a clear ask.
 Have a clear sell.
- Don't oversell literally or figuratively.



B ... "The Audience"

- Put yourself in the shoes of the audience: what problem or challenge are you solving for them?
- Be cynical: assume they don't want you
- Understand their argument and prove "why you"
- Focus on their bottom line it needs to matter to their customers
- Understand how they make decisions and make it easy for them to say 'yes'
- Understand their channels
- Don't overcomplicate the issues

B ... "The Audience"

• WHY
SHOULD
THEY
CARE??

Stay focused on the core principles of business and make a compelling case.

Conclusion

- Successful marketing and communications isn't about a swishy look and feel ... it's about strategically approaching a sales argument
 - Channel your passion into a compelling argument
 - Do your homework
 - Hire help if you need it

Thank you!