Marketing Bison



Roll Call:

Name a part of the bison that the North American Natives would have used, and what they used it for.

Remember:

If you ask five people to tell you what marketing is, you are likely to get five different answers. That is because marketing involves a wide variety of activities.

Marketing is...

planning and putting into action the development, pricing, promotion and distribution of ideas, goods or services to create an exchange that satisfies both the buyer and the seller.

Marketing is...

developing good solid relationships with your customers. The best way to ensure customer satisfaction is to

- Make customers aware of your product or service
- Supply them with what they want and need
- Provide good value, good service and good follow up

Do you recall what the four P's of marketing are? Give examples of each.

Let potential customers know that you have a service or product that might be of interest. In Level One we discussed how to advertise your product or service to potential customers through advertisements. Have you practiced taking photographs of your bison or products?

Comparison of advertising mediums

Medium	Advantages	Disadvantages
Television (national &	Creative and persuasive.	High cost. Short
local)	large audience. Can	exposure. Competing
	target specific groups.	with other ads for
		attention.
Radio	Can reach a wide local	Somewhat limited
	area. Can target	audience. (similar to TV)
	certain markets.	
Video	Can provide more	Still need to connect
	information. Very	with the customer to
	targeted. Customer	generate the interest.
	less intimidated; can	
	review at leisure. (often	
	effective for selling	
	individual seed stock	
	animals)	
Daily newspaper	Larger audience. Can	Short life. Competing
	target timing.	with other ads. Higher
		cost because you will
		need to repeat in order
		to gain recognition.
Weekly newspaper	Relatively lower cost.	Short life.
	Good distribution in	Advertisement may get
	local areas.	"lost" unless it is
		connected to a story
Magazinaa		somehow.
Magazines	Longer life. Multiplier	Not very flexible;
	effect. Good ability to	longer lead-time needed
Direct Mail	target groups.	for preparing the ad.
Direct Mail	Flexible timing. Very	High disposal rate.
	good targeting. Can be	Some audience hostility.
	personalized.	Competing with many
Courses	Attract first time	other direct mail pieces.
Coupons	Attract first time	Costs associated with
	customers.	distribution.

Medium	Advantages	Disadvantages
Brochure	Colour helps image.	Moderate cost. Can be
	Possible lasting value.	generated at home with
	More information	publisher program.
	oriented. Possible	Material will become
	multiplier.	dated. Often thrown
		away.
Newsletter	Relatively low cost. Can	Difficult to get
	target. Less resistance	customers to read
	than direct mailers.	them.
Signs	Visual impact attracts	Depends on location,
	attention. Longer life.	size, and ease of
		reading.
Billboard	Longer life for repeat	Message must be short
	exposure. Good for	and location is
	corporate image.	important.
Posters	Appealing to the eye.	Finding places to post.
	Good for image and	Capturing attention of
	relatively cost	customers. Competition
	effective.	from other posters.
		Short lifespan.
		Vandalism.
Computer on-line	Low cost. Worldwide	Future-oriented. Needs
	market potential.	to be kept updated.
	Becoming more common.	
Consumer & Trade	Good for targeting.	Time consuming. Booth
Shows	Access to volume of	& Staffing can be
	walking traffic.	expensive. Challenge of
		getting people to stop
		and talk.
Competition shows	Exposure with the	Want to be competitive
	other producers.	in order to create a
		strong and positive
		public image.
Volunteerism	Exposure with others	Time consuming and
	and opportunity to	often draining.
	prove your capabilities.	

Gathering the goods....

The best inspiration for your own advertisements comes from looking at other businesses ads. Find characteristics in a variety of advertisements and media that you think work or don't work for you. Fill in the following questions:

Television:

What is your favourite commercial on television? Why?

What are they advertising?

What is your least favourite commercial on television? Why? Does it still capture your attention?

(If you can't think of one try watching a set of commercials and determine which one you like the best and which one you like the least in that set and why.)

Have you ever seen a commercial advertising one of the other agricultural commodities? What ones?

Can you match the following slogans with their commodities?

Eat _____. _____ Tuesday. Get _____. Got _____. _____ on my Fork. Cracking Pork Milk Beef Turkey



Can you think of a good catch phrase for bison?

Why do these phrases stick out in our minds? ______

Magazine:

Flip through any magazine (Smoke Signals or Tracker if you have them!!) and determine what your favourite ad is. What do you like about it?

Is there anything you would change a little?

Find the following advertisements:

- Tourism
- Food
- Bison for Sale
- Ornamental products (i.e. wool, skulls, horns, etc.)

Can all of these products and services connect to bison?

What do all these advertisements have in common?

How are they different?

Newspaper

What is the major difference between newspaper and magazines?

What are the cost differences between advertising in newspapers vs. magazines? (Generally the inside cover of a magazine will provide you with advertising rates or a number to contact for request information.)

Based on the chart of Advertising mediums, what do you think would be the three most effective means of advertising for the following groups or individuals?

A private producer -

Alberta Bison Commission -

A retailer of some product or service -

Marketing meats and other bison food products

The combination of food and entertaining has become a typical standard in most Canadian households. People enjoy eating a variety of flavours and are more willing then ever before to experiment with new taste sensations.

If you are preparing to do a meat-marketing project there are some important trends that you should keep in mind. Understanding the needs and wants of the consumer will make marketing a product much simpler.

With each of the following trends there is a challenge associated to it. Try to complete all of the challenges and keep a record of your findings. The results could be interesting to you, and this is the first step towards market research that every marketer needs to do.

Trend toward taste

People want an enjoyable taste. Taste is the number one reason a consumer will purchase a certain product. It ranks above price or nutritional value.

You have only to go to a restaurant to discover the diverse range of taste sensations available in our culture of today. People will combine sweet, salty, bitter, sour and spicy.

Challenge: Find a take out pizza menu. How many different combinations of pizza toppings are there?

What is one combination that you would never have dreamed of coming up with?

Trend toward time saving

We live in a busy world. The aging senior population, and number of working families have inspired the need for convenient preparation food. Value added products are one of the fastest growing food trends in Canada.

Challenge: Next time you go to the supermarket take a walk down the frozen food isle and count the number of different foods that can be prepared in a matter of minutes with a microwave. Or go into your own deep freeze and count the number of different types in your own families' home. How many different products are represented?

Trend towards health

Most Albertans are truly concerned with the health and quality of their food they purchase. In Canada we enjoy one of the cheapest and safest food sources in the world.

Bison meat is low in fat and cholesterol compared to beef, pork and even poultry. Although our body really does need fat, most of us simply eat too much. Nutritionists recommend that 30% of calories should come from fat. That translates into 60 – 90 grams a day, depending on your stature and activity levels.

Organic and natural foods are also a big concern for the modern consumer. Bison meat is naturally and ethically raised. Bison are not fed medicated feeds and there is no need for growth hormones.

Challenge: Why do bison not need to be implanted with growth hormones? Survey 5 – 10 different people about their feelings on the use of growth hormones. Is it a concern for these people, and is this a true advantage for bison producers to push?

Trend towards entertainment

I ncreasingly food has become a source of entertainment. You have only to watch television for one day to see all the different shows that involve food preparation and entertaining tips.

Meal preparation is no longer a basic procedure instead it has become an art form. Many world class chef's from around Alberta use the imagery of the majestic bison to sell a flavour sensation. The "taste of Alberta" which features several different meats such as bison, elk, and deer has become a favourite of the growing tourist population.

Challenge: For one month, count the number of times your family eats out at a restaurant, has people in for a meal or attends a party, or other event, where food is served. Would you consider your family to be representative of the general population?

Today's Bison Industry

Roll Call:

What is your favourite thing about bison?

As you continue to learn, there is a LOT to LEARN about raising bison! We are very lucky in Alberta to have a great number of producers, researchers and professionals that dedicate countless hours to ensuring the success of our bison industry. The bison industry in Alberta is finding a position in our competitive agricultural industry, and it continues to develop, but the only way it can stay competitive against some of the more traditional industries is through research.

Bison research is critical to the survival of the industry. We research in order to improve production, cut costs and ensure quality. Bison survived for many many generations on our prairies without any intervention, but now that they are an industry we need research and information about how to care for them most effectively and efficiently.

What will research tell us?

- How to grow more meat, more consistently, more efficiently and more economical!
- Proper care and health routines.
- Proper nutrition to ensure quality and maximize production.
- How to benefit from the attributes that attracted the first producers.
- Understand sustainability of bison.

How would you construct bison research?

Bison research does not have to be difficult or complicated. As a researcher, much of the studies and trials that have already been developed for other livestock can be used to study bison and their attributes and behaviours. In the past, much of the knowledge that we have gained about bison is simply from trial

and error. We have taken information about beef cattle and worked and adapted it to the bison as we gain new knowledge we update our sources. Although this approach has brought us to where we are, it is time to proceed with research that is more methodical than that. There are individuals in Alberta, the rest of Canada and the United States that have done extensive research on bison and it is through this research that we have advanced our production possibilities.

The mission statement for Bison Research in Canada is

"To conduct research within the developing bison industry in a timely, efficient and logical manner in order to preserve the uniqueness and holistic nature of the bison while encouraging expansion and maintaining profitability."

Time to start your search engines!

The time has come for you to really discover what the bison industry truly has to offer! As you know, the bison industry is a great lot of things.



In level one you were encouraged to go on the Internet and research and find out things about the bison industry. It is time to take that one step further. Based on the information that you collected about bison in level one, your task is to now dig a little deeper.

Utilizing the <u>bisoncentre.com</u> web page, find a topic that interests you. Now it is your responsibility to try and structure a research project that would answer questions related to this topic. This sounds difficult, because it is; NO research is simple!!! But you have to try and simplify it as much as possible. Don't include too many variables at first.

The best approach is to find a research project that is similar and was conducted on some other livestock. By following the procedure that was previously used you will be able to focus mainly on how to adapt it specific to bison rather than trying to reinvent the wheel!!

You don't have to implement this research project. This exercise is only to get you thinking about how research projects are set up and why.

Good luck and have fun, you never know, perhaps you will be a famous bison researcher one day!! Try and follow the guide on the next page to help you get started.

Course of action

Step one:

Think of a topic you're interested in.

- Bison History
- Bison Digestion
- Bison Handling
- Bison Reproduction



Step two:

Of course, you could develop a hundred projects on any one of those topics. Now **try to focus on one aspect of one topic** in particular. For example:

- History: How did North American natives hunt the buffalo?
- Digestion: Can bison eat silage?
- Handling: What is the least stressful way of handling bison?
- Reproduction: Does a heifer's weight affect her conception rate?

Step three:

That's much better! Now use this same idea, but be more specific. What would you really like to figure out or show? Think of the most exact information you can discover and be very specific. In science, information has to be exact if it's really going to matter. For example:

- History: How did hunting methods evolve over the years?
- Digestion: Can bison get comparable gains on silage as opposed to hay and oats?
- Handling: Does working bison in a large group or smaller groups reduce the stress level?
- Reproduction: Do heifers that are genetically the same have varying maturity levels based on the weight they are at breeding?