

provide solutions to manage odour from those sources.



Published by

Alberta Agriculture and Forestry Environmental Stewardship Division #306, 7000-113 Street Edmonton, Alberta T6H 5T6

Copyright ©2011. Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Alberta (Alberta Agriculture and Forestry). All rights reserved.

Acknowledgements

Alberta Agriculture and Forestry Alberta Beef Producers Intensive Livestock Working Group Natural Resources Conservation Board

The committee who prepared this manual gratefully acknowledges:

The MidWest Plan Service (MWPS), Iowa State University, Ames Iowa 50011-3080. Information has been adapted and reprinted with permission from their Livestock and Poultry Environmental Stewardship curriculum. Copyright © 2001

Disclaimer

All information (including descriptions of or references to products, persons, websites, services or publications) is provided entirely "as is," and the authors make no representations, warranties or conditions, either expressed or implied, in connection with the use of or reliance upon this information. This information is provided to the recipient entirely at the risk of the recipient, and because the recipient assumes full responsibility, the authors shall not be liable for any claims, damages or losses of any kind based on any theory of liability arising from the use of or reliance upon this information (including omissions, inaccuracies, typographical errors and infringement of third-party rights).

Table of Contents

Introduction 1
Assessing Your Operation
Example of How to Complete
Neighbour & Community Relations 5
Manure Management
Indoor Facilities
Outdoor Facilities 7
Feed Storage 9
Manure Application
Complaint Log
Other Odour Potential Strategies Used on Your Farm
Resources



Introduction

Factors affecting the release of odour

The level of odour emissions from confined feeding operations depends on a number of factors, including the following:

- size of operation
- type of building and ventilation system
- type of operation and the rearing cycle
- feeding regime
- management of the operation
- manure storage
- manure application practices

The effect of those emissions on the local environment depends on certain variables:

- proximity to neighbours and other sensitive receptors
- local topography
- prevalent weather conditions such as wind speed, wind direction and atmospheric stability

Odour management plan

Odour management plans help producers identify where possible odour sources exist on their operation and provide solutions to manage odour from those sources.

Steps to building an odour management plan:

- 1. Assessing Your Operation
 - Provide a general description of your operation.
 - Identify neighbouring residents to the operation.
 - Identify land receiving manure.
 - Consider potential concerns neighbours may have because of proximity, nature of the landscape or primary wind direction.

2. Assessing Potential Odour Sources

- This step is divided into four main management areas: Neighbour and Community Relations, Manure Management, Feed Storage, and Manure Application.
- The most common odour sources associated within each management area are identified.
- Odour sources may or may not exist on your operation.
- By picking practices applicable to your operation, you can assess the potential for your operation to produce odour concerns
- The objective is to move from a high potential to a low potential.

3. Responses to Odour Concerns

- Identify what actions could be taken with each of the applicable potential odour sources identified in Step 2.
- Identify timelines when action items may be implemented.

4. Review and Completion Dates

- Review odour management plan on a regular basis.
- Fill in the date when actions were completed.

Contact

If you need assistance, you may want to consult with an Alberta Agriculture and Forestry (AF) Confined Feeding Operation (CFO) Extension Specialist or an industry representative.

Alberta Agriculture and Forestry staff CFO Extension Specialists

Morinville	780.939.1218
Red Deer	403.755.1475
Lethbridge	403.381.5885

Industry Alberta Beef Producers 403.275.4400 www.albertabeef.org Alberta Cattle Feeders' Association 1.800.363.8598 www.cattlefeeders.ca Alberta Chicken Producers 780.488.2125 www.chicken.ab.ca Alberta Egg Producers 1.877.302.2344 www.eggs.ab.ca Alberta Hatching Egg Producers 780.434.8414 www.albertahatchingeggs.ca Alberta Milk 1.877.361.1231 www.albertamilk.com Alberta Pork 780.474.8288 www.albertapork.com

Alberta Turkey Producers

www.albertaturkey.com

Odour Management Plan for Alberta Producers

780.465.5755

Assessing Your Operation

Name:	Date:

Step 1: Assessing Your Operation

Livestock Type Present on Your Operation	Number (per cycle)	Manure Type (solid, semi-solid, or liquid/slurry)	Estimated number of acres or hectares manure is applied to annual
Beef Cattle			acres orhectares
Dairy Cattle			
Swine			Prevailing wind direction at the facility (primary wind direction):
Poultry			
Other			

		Topogra	aphy between the facility and the ne	Based on the direction of the prevailing wind, is the neighbour located upwind or downwind of your farm?		
Neighbour fa	Distance between facility and direction to the neighbour	Low Odour Potential A shelterbelt, woods or hill	Moderate Odour Potential Open, flat terrain	High Odour Potential Neighbours are located at lower elevation or in valley below facility OR Lake and no trees between facility and neighbours	Low Odour Potential Upwind	High Odour Potential Downwind
Smiths MPIC	1 mile east		✓			✓

Neighbours of Manure Application Sites - consider nieghbours within a 2 mile (3.2 km) radius (check the appropriate boxes)									
			Topography betwe	en the manure application site	and the neighbour	neighbour located upwind	Based on the direction of the prevailing wind, is the neighbour located upwind or downwind from the land receiving manure?		
Field receiving manure (use legal land location OR name OR field #)	Distance between neighbour and direction to the manure application site	Low Odour Potential A shelterbelt, woods or hill	Moderate Odour Potential Open, flat terrain	High Odour Potential Neighbours are located at lower elevation or in valley below application site OR Lake and no trees between neighbour and application site	Low Odour Potential Upwind	High Odour Potential Downwind			
Dad's quarter	Jones	1 mile south		✓			✓		
Bob's quarter	Bishops	1.5 miles N			\checkmark	\checkmark			

Example of How to Complete

STEP 2 Assessing Potential For each issue listed in the left colu	STEP 3 Possible Res Odour Concerns	STEP 4 Review and Completion Dates				
on your farm. If any issue does not apply, then under Step 3, mark them not applicable (N/A). The objective is to move from the high potential to the low potential.				with each of the applicable potential odour sources identified in Step 2.		Review odour management plan on a regular basis.Fill in the date when actions were completed.
Issue	Low Odour Potential	Moderate Odour Potential	High Odour Potential	Actions Taken to Minimize Odour or N/A	Timeline	Date Completed
Loading point of liquid storages	☐ Storage facility is always loaded below liquid manure surface	☐ Storage facility is usually loaded below liquid manure surface	☑ Storage facility is loaded above liquid manure surface.	Move loading point of liquid storage.	☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☑ 2-5 years ☐	
Silage	☐ A plan is in place to manage silage seepage and spoiled silage		□ No plan is in place to deal with silage seepage and spoiled silage.	N/A	☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐ _	

Neighbour/Community Relations

Producer knowledge of and response to neighbour concerns								
Concerns	Low Concern Potential	Medium Concern Potential	High Concern Potential	Actions Taken to Minimize Odour or N/A	Timeline	Date Completed		
Do neighbours express odour-related concerns?	□ Never	☐ Occasional odour-related concerns over the past one to three years.	☐ Several odour-related concerns over the past year.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐			
Have you asked your neighbours about their odour-related concerns?	☐ All neighbours have been asked about their odour-related concerns.	☐ Some neighbours have been asked about their odour-related concerns.	☐ No neighbours have been asked about their odour-related concerns.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐			
Do neighbours know who to contact (name and phone number) if they have an odour- related concern?	☐ All neighbours have a contact name and phone number for my farm.	☐ Some neighbours have a contact name and phone number for my farm.	☐ No neighbours have a contact name and phone number for my farm.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐			
How are odour-related concerns addressed?	☐ Odour-related concerns are taken seriously and acted upon quickly, and action is shared with neighbours.	☐ Odour-related concerns are taken seriously but may not be acted upon quickly.	☐ Odour-related concerns are not addressed.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐			
Do you regularly communicate with neighbours when there is a potential odour increase due to operations?	□ Always	☐ Occasionally	□ Never		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐			
Do you participate in community awareness events?	☐ Frequently	☐ Occasionally	□ Never		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐			
Is the farm owner or farm manager active in the community? (e.g., school, service groups, 4-H)	☐ Farm owner/manager is active in community.	☐ Farm owner/operator has limited involvement in community.	☐ Farm owner/manager is not active in the community. OR farm owner/manager does not reside in the same community as the farm.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐			
Stockpiling	☐ Manure is stockpiled in well-drained, remote locations away from neighbours.	☐ Manure is stockpiled in well drained areas near public roads or near neighbours.	☐ Manure is stockpiled in poorly drained areas near public roads or near neighbours.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐			

Odour Management Plan for Alberta Producers

Neighbour/Community Relations Continued

	Producer knowledge of and response to neighbour concerns								
Concerns	Low Concern Potential	Medium Concern Potential	High Concern Potential	Actions Taken to Minimize Odour or N/A	Timeline	Date Completed			
Manure application sites.	☐ All manure application sites are in remote locations away from neighbours.	☐ Some manure application sites are in close proximity to neighbours.	☐ All manure application sites are in close proximity to neighbours.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐				
Timing of manure application – weekends/holidays.	☐ Manure application on weekends and holidays is always avoided.	☐ Manure application on weekends and holidays is often avoided.	☐ Manure application can occur on any day. Manure application on weekends and holidays is not avoided.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐				
Neighbours are informed of application timing and fields.	□ Always	☐ Sometimes	□ Never		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐				
Manure is spilled while emptying storage facility.	☐ Manure does not accumulate around the storage facility.	☐ Sometimes manure accumulates around the storage facility.	☐ Manure accumulates around the storage facility.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐				
Manure is spilled on roadways during transportation.	☐ Manure spilled from application equipment on public roadways is removed as soon as possible.	☐ Manure spilled from application equipment on public roadways is removed sometimes.	☐ Manure spilled from application equipment on public roadways is rarely or never removed.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐				

Manure Management

Indoor Facilities

Potential Source	Low Odour Potential	Medium Odour Potential	High Odour Potential	Actions Taken to Minimize Odour or N/A	Timeline	Date Completed
How is manure managed within the confinement area? (In- barn pits are considered storage facilities)	☐ Manure collects in barn for less than one week before it is moved to a storage facility.	☐ Manure collects in barn for one to two weeks before it is moved to a storage facility.	☐ Manure collects in barn for more than two weeks before it is moved to a storage facility.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Mechanical ventilation.	☐ System is monitored regularly to ensure proper air flow and system automatically responds to changes in weather.	☐ System is monitored occasionally and manually responds to changes in weather.	☐ System is seldom monitored and does not respond to changes in weather.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Dust minimization in confined facilities?	 □ Two or more of the following are implemented: • clean interior building surfaces regularly • reduce dust from feed • drop tubes on all augers 	☐ Housing facilities use some "low-odour potential" dust control.	☐ No efforts have been made to control dust.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	

Outdoor Facilities

Potential Source	Low Odour Potential	Medium Odour Potential	High Odour Potential	Actions Taken to Minimize Odour or N/A	Timeline	Date Completed
Pen drainage after a storm event (rain or snow).	☐ Pen surfaces drain quickly.	☐ Pen surfaces are prone to temporary flooding.	☐ Pen surfaces are part of the runoff storage.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Frequency of cleaning pens.	☐ Pen cleaning two to three times a year.	☐ Pen cleanings occur after each feeding cycle.	☐ Pen cleaning occurs once per year or less frequently.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Water leakage.	☐ Regular inspections are made for overflow waterers and system leaks, AND problems are quickly corrected.	☐ Inspections for overflow waterers and system leaks are infrequent.	☐ Overflow waterers and system leaks are not a priority.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	

Odour Management Plan for Alberta Producers

Outdoor Facilities Continued

Potential Source	Low Odour Potential	Medium Odour Potential	High Odour Potential	Actions Taken to Minimize Odour or N/A	Timeline	Date Completed
Emptying runoff catch basin.	☐ Low pressure flood.	☐ High pressure irrigation.	☐ Management practice either starts on the weekend or is carried out in close proximity to neighbours.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Dust minimization.	☐ Groom pens regularly.	☐ Sprinkle pens.	☐ No preventative action taken.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐ _	
Composting	☐ Neighbours are more than 2 miles downwind from composting site, OR composting occurs in enclosed, controlled facility.	☐ Actively turning manure with an adequate (25:1 – 30:1) carbon:nitrogen and moisture content.	Actively turning manure with a low carbon:nitrogen and high moisture content OR composting process is not properly managed.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Loading point of liquid storages.	☐ Storage facility is always loaded below liquid manure surface.	☐ Storage facility is usually loaded below liquid manure surface.	☐ Storage facility is loaded above liquid manure surface.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐ _	
Manure storage cover.	☐ Undisturbed crust forms over the entire surface OR manure is held in enclosed tank OR manure is covered with crop residue, plastic membrane or other type of cover.	☐ Crust forms over only part of manure surface. OR manure surface is partially covered by crop residue, plastic membrane or other type of cover.	□ Natural crust does not form.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Manure is agitated below the surface.	□ Yes		□ No		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	

Feed Storage

Potential Source	Low Odour Potential	Medium Odour Potential	High Odour Potential	Actions Taken to Minimize Odour or N/A	Timeline	Date Completed
Feed mill or feed storage area.	☐ Feed mill/storage area is cleaned on a regular basis, and equipment is maintained to prevent spills.	☐ Feed mill/storage area is cleaned occasionally, and equipment is maintained to prevent spills.	☐ Feed mill/storage area is rarely cleaned and equipment is fixed as required.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Silage	☐ A plan is in place to manage silage seepage and spoiled silage.		☐ No plan is in place to deal with silage seepage and spoiled silage.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	

Manure Application

Potential Source	Low Odour Potential	Medium Odour Potential	High Odour Potential	Actions Taken to Minimize Odour or N/A	Timeline	Date Completed
Liquid manure application.	□ Subsurface injection of liquid manure OR surface application with drop hose applicator plus same day incorporation.	☐ Broadcast application of liquid manure followed by same day incorporation OR surface application with drop hose applicator followed by incorporation within 48 hours.	☐ Surface application of liquid manure without incorporation.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Solid manure application.	☐ Surface applied followed by same day incorporation.	☐ Surface applied and incorporated within 48 hours.	☐ Surface applied without incorporation.		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Time of day.	☐ Manure is always applied during daylight hours.	☐ Manure is often applied during daylight hours.	☐ Time of day is not considered when manure is applied. Manure application in the evening is common (high chance of inversion that prevents dilution).		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	
Wind direction is considered.	□ Always	□ Sometimes	□ Never		☐ 3-6 months ☐ Within 2 years ☐ 2-5 years ☐	

Complaint Log

As you receive complaints, whether they are from an official source such as the Natural Resources Conservation Board (NRCB) or from conversation with neighbours, record the event.

Date	Who Complained	Complaint	Possible Source(s) of Odour Causing the Complaint	Action Taken
June 15	Jones, Smiths (neighbours)	High odour/smells	Manure storage - wind	Maintain continuous cover over entire manure surface by adding straw to crust especially where manure surface is exposed.

Other Odour Potential Strategies Used on Your Farm Date Developed: (dd/mm/yy):_____ (dd/mm/yy): _____ Review Dates: (dd/mm/yy): _____ (dd/mm/yy): _____

Resources

Alberta Resources:

1. Beneficial Management Practices: Environmental Manual for Livestock Producers in Alberta (Pages 22, 26, 27, 72, 84)

www.agriculture.alberta.ca/manure

- 3. Nutrient Management Planning Guide www.agriculture.alberta.ca/manure
- 4. Manure Composting Manual (Pages 11 and 18) www.agriculture.alberta.ca/manure
- 5. Good Practices Guide for Odour Management in Alberta from Prevention and Mitigation to Assessment and Complaints
 http://casahome.org/Portals/0/DMX/
 OMT%20GPG/CASA_GPG_webversion_
 V3.pdf?timestamp=1444833907813

Other

- National Air Quality Site Assessment Tool www.naqsat.tamu.edu/
- Practice to Reduce Odors from Livestock Operation Factsheet: Iowa State University www.extension.iastate.edu/Publications/pm1970a.pdf
- Overview of Odor Control for Manure Storage Facilities: Factsheet AEX-738-08. Ohio State University www.ohioline.osu.edu/aex-fact/pdf/0738.pdf
- Air Management Practices Assessment Tool http://www.agronext.iastate.edu/ampat/homepage.html

People Resources

Alberta Agriculture and Forestry CFO Extension Specialists

Morinville	780.939.1218
Red Deer	403.755.1475
Lethbridge	403.381.5885

NRCB Offices

Lethbridge	403.381.5166
Red Deer	403.340.5241
Morinville	780.939.1212
Fairview	780.835.7111

