Livestock Psychology 101

Content

Calm

Curious

Alert

Nervous

Protective

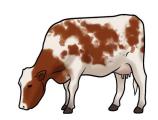
Agitated

Aggressive

Get the Training! If you're new to working with livestock be honest with your supervisor about your abilities. Workers handling cattle (or any livestock) need to be well trained in animal care, production standards, animal welfare, regulations and workplace safety. One of the best ways to learn about working with cattle is to observe and mentor with an experienced handler. Use this page to take notes when talking about assessing individuals or a herd. Does one animal appear to be more nervous than the others? What are the warning signs for an animal who has had enough? How could behavior change due to illness?

Content

Grazing or chewing cud
Ears in neutral position
Nostrils moving naturally
Head in natural position
Relaxed stance
Eyelids relaxed



Calm

Grazing or chewing cud Relaxed face Standing or laying down Head in natural position Euelíds relaxed



Curious

Eyes open, watching with interest Ears perked

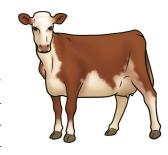
<u>Alert stance</u>



Alert

Eyes open, watching or staring Ears perked forward Alert stance

Head up



Nervous or Uncertain

Head up Alert stance (or stiff stance) Staring

Eyes wide and may see some 'whites' of the eye showing <u>Quick switches of the tail</u>

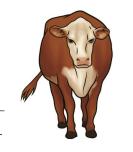


Protective

Head up
Shaking or tossing head
Eyes wide, staring intently
Quick switches of the tail
Sworting

Agitated

Staring intently
Shaking or tossing head
Appears ready to react
Quick switches of the tail
Sworting forcefully



Aggressive (or pushed too far)

Staring intently
Shaking or tossing head
Pawing the ground
Showing their sides
Ready to charge, may put head low





Program