Harold Perry

Using Compost to Increase Soil Biology and Nutrients

Getting the Most from Nutrient Management Workshop

Lethbridge College

Perry Family Farm









Perry Farm by the Numbers







3 Families

Employees

12 Full Time,

3rd Generation: Gerald and Birthe Perry

4th Generation: Harold and Jill Perry – 4 children Chris and Kyra Perry – 3 children

Idren Idren

11 Seasonal (March – November)17 Harvest Helpers ... 2015 turnover all in 2 new out of 38







1 % soil organic matter has nearly 10000 pounds of carbon/ac





Most crop land has lost 1 to 4 % OM since farming began

There is around 3.5 billion acres of cropland on earth

1 % increase OM Equals 17.5 billion tons of CO2





Carbon is good for the soil

All life is carbon based

(farming is a great way for Sequestering carbon back to the soil)

How does it work











Balanced soil biology







Mono cropping, smorgasbord for pests and diseases





Competition for space

In the soil

On the plant above and below ground





Assessment of Compost Biology

Perry Farms

9/29/2014

Microorganisms

| Bacteria µg/g | 8256 | Excellent |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|
| Fungi µg/g | 343 | Low |
| Protozoa/g | 240,000 | Very good |
| Nematodes/g | 600 | Above excellent |
| F:B Ratio | n/a | |

-High bacteria, good diversity indicate good nutrient storage.

-Fungi levels low, could add more fungal feed-stocks.

Good protozoa and very good
Bacteria-feeding nematode levels
indicate very good nutrient
cycling potential.

Turning feedlot manure into compost





Compost turner





Nutrient analysis sample of 2016 compost



| | | | | | | Kg / tonne | Lbs. / tons |
|----------------|----------------|-------|---------------|-----|------|------------|-------------|
| Compost, Solid | Moisture | 20.6 | 20.6 | % | | | |
| • | Dry Matter | 79.4 | 79.4 | % | _ | | |
| | Ammonium | 0.19 | 0.15 | % | _ | 1.5 | 3 |
| | Total Nitrogen | 1.67 | 1.3 | % | _ | 13 | 26 |
| | K2O | 2.67 | 2.1 | % | _ | 21 | 42 |
| | Potassium | 2.23 | 1.8 | % | _ | 18 | 36 |
| | Calcium | 3.22 | 2.6 | % | _ | 26 | 52 |
| | Magnesium | 0.627 | 0.5 | % | _ | 5 | 10 |
| | Sodium | 0.65 | 0.52 | % | _ | 5.2 | 10.4 |
| | Copper | 71.4 | 57 | ppm | _ | 0.057 | 0.114 |
| | Iron | 5620 | 4500 | ppm | _ | 4.5 | 9 |
| | Manganese | 259 | 210 | ppm | _ | 0.21 | 0.42 |
| | Zinc | 31.8 | 25 | ppm | _ | 0.025 | 0.05 |
| | P2O5 | 2.14 | 1.7 | % | _ | 17 | 34 |
| | Phosphorous | 0.93 | 0.74 | % | _ | 7.4 | 14.8 |
| | Sulfur | 1.29 | 1 | % | | 10 | 20 |
| | N-P-K-S | | 1.3-1.7-2.1-1 | | - I. | | |

Compost made by perry produce











Compost program vs non compost program



Grow <u>Líve</u>

| | | | | Soli Ch | aracteristics | 5 | | | | | | | | | | Soll Ch | aracteristic | S | | | | | |
|-------|----|------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------|----|---|--------|----------|-------|---|-------|-----|------------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------|----|---|--------|----------|-------|-------|
| | OM | Estimated N Release | рН 1:1 | Sol Salts 1:1 | Lime Req. | | | % Base | e Satura | ation | | | OM | Estimated N Release | рН 1:1 | Sol Salts 1:1 | Lime Req. | | | % Base | e Satura | ition | |
| Depth | % | lbs/ac | - | dS/m | tonne/ha | Са | К | Mg | Na | Н | | Depth | % | lbs/ac | - | dS/m | tonne/ha | Ca | Κ | Mg | Na | Н | Total |
| 0-12 | 2 | 30 | 7.8 | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | 0-12 | 2.7 | 41 | 7.6 | 0.6 | | | | | | | |
| 12-24 | | | 8 | 1.4 | | | | | | | 1 | 12-24 | | | 7.9 | 0.5 | | | | | | | |

| Compost nutrient analysis | Avg nutrients | | total nutrients Compost | | <u> </u> | Fertilizer | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|----|-------------------------|---------------------|----------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| | lbs. / ton | | lbs. / ton | <u>4 ton / acre</u> | <u>\</u> | value | | |
| Moisture | 22.10% | | | <u>lbs. / acre</u> | | | | |
| Dry matter | 77.90% | | | | | | Compost cost | |
| Ammonium | 3.1 | | | | | | cost | \$18 / ton |
| Total Nitrogen | 23.2 | Ν | 26.3 | 105.2 | 9 | \$ 54.00 | trucking | \$5- 10 / ton |
| K20 | 36.4 | | | | | | spreading | 2 / ton |
| Potassium | 30.4 | К | 66.8 | 267.2 | | \$ 89.00 | average cost | 25- 30 / ton |
| Calcium | 65.6 | Ca | 65.6 | 262.4 | | \$ 25.00 | | |
| Magnesium | 10.9 | Mg | 10.9 | 43.6 | 9 | \$ 5.00 | | |
| Sodium | 7.5 | Na | 7.5 | 30 | 9 | \$ - | | |
| Copper | 0.1 | Cu | 0.1 | 0.4 | 9 | \$ 4.00 | | |
| ron | 13 | Fe | 13 | 52 | (| \$ 10.00 | | |
| Manganese | 0.4 | Mn | 0.4 | 1.6 | 9 | \$ 10.00 | | |
| Zinc | 0.4 | Zn | 0.4 | 1.6 | 9 | \$ 5.00 | | |
| P205 | 23.2 | | | | | | | |
| Phosphorous | 10.2 | Ρ | 33.4 | 133.6 | 9 | \$ 76.00 | | |
| Sulfur | 10.6 | S | 10.6 | 42.4 | 9 | \$ 5.00 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | \$100-\$120 | | \$ 283.00 | | |

Reasons we use compost



Proper compost has very little or no weed seeds.

Build soil nutrient level that are in a stable form in the compost.

It is cheaper to truck long distances compared to manure.

Proper compost has built a healthy community of aerobic microbe populations that help inoculate tilled soils.

We are loading our soil with healthy biology that competes for space in the soil (disease suppression)

Questions?

T I I I I I I I

Questions?

